COMMITTEE ON LEGISLATIVE RESEARCH OVERSIGHT DIVISION

FISCAL NOTE

L.R. No.: 4259H.03C

Bill No.: HCS for HB 1854

Subject: Abortion; Health Care; Taxation and Revenue - General; Medicaid/MO HealthNet

Type: Original

Date: February 9, 2022

Bill Summary: This proposal modifies provisions relating to health care.

FISCAL SUMMARY

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON GENERAL REVENUE FUND				
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025	
Total Estimated Net				
Effect on General				
Revenue	\$0	\$0	\$0	

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON OTHER STATE FUNDS				
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025	
Total Estimated Net				
Effect on Other State				
Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0	

Numbers within parentheses: () indicate costs or losses.

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ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON FEDERAL FUNDS				
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025	
Federal*	\$0 to (\$166,000,000)	\$0 to (\$166,000,000)	\$0 to (\$166,000,000)	
Total Estimated Net				
Effect on All Federal				
Funds	\$0 to (\$166,000,000)	\$0 to (\$166,000,000)	\$0 to (\$166,000,000)	

^{*} The range reflects a potential loss of funding due to potential federal sanctions against the Title XIX federal claim.

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON FULL TIME EQUIVALENT (FTE)				
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025	
Total Estimated Net				
Effect on FTE	0	0	0	

- ⊠ Estimated Net Effect (expenditures or reduced revenues) expected to exceed \$250,000 in any of the three fiscal years after implementation of the act or at full implementation of the act.
- ☐ Estimated Net Effect (savings or increased revenues) expected to exceed \$250,000 in any of the three fiscal years after implementation of the act or at full implementation of the act.

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON LOCAL FUNDS				
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025	
Local Government	\$0	\$0	\$0	

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FISCAL ANALYSIS

ASSUMPTION

§§188.202; 188.207; 208.152; 208.153 and 208.164 – Prohibits public funds to any abortion facility, or to any affiliate or associate

Officials from the **Department of Social Services (DSS)** state the proposed language in §188.202 may be subject to legal challenge on the grounds that it may conflict with current federal law governing the Medicaid program to the extent that it would prohibit the Missouri Medicaid program from paying for abortions in cases of pregnancies arising from rape or incest. Under current federal law, state Medicaid programs are not required to pay for abortions except in cases of rape, incest, and when necessary to save the life of the mother. This is known as the Hyde Amendment. The current version of the Hyde amendment is included in the federal appropriation bill for the Medicaid program. See Public Law 116-260 (2020), which was extended by Public Law 117-43 (2021) and Public Law 117-70 (2021). In 1994, the United States District Court entered an injunction against Missouri directing Missouri to comply with the requirements of the Hyde Amendment. Stangler v. Shalala, 1994 WL 764104 (W.D.Mo 1994). Failure to comply with the requirements of current federal law could subject Missouri to the risk of litigation and sanction, including the possibility of deferral or disallowance of federal financial participation in Missouri's Medicaid program.

Proposed §§188.202, 188.207, 208.152.1(6) and (12), 208.153.1, and 208.164.10 could result in federal sanctions in that these amendments make it unlawful for any public funds to be expended to any abortion facility, or to any affiliate or associate of such abortion facility. These facilities would not receive Medicaid reimbursement for any health care services provided to Medicaid participants and would likely no longer provide services to MO HealthNet participants since they would receive no reimbursement. Section 1902(a)(23)(A) of the Social Security Act requires a state Medicaid agency to allow Medicaid participants to obtain medical assistance from any institution, agency, community pharmacy or person qualified to perform such assistance who undertakes to perform such assistance ("freedom of choice of provider" provision). This requirement is further set forth in Missouri's State Medicaid Plan, as required by federal law. While DSS is unaware of another state prohibiting a group of providers in the manner in which is proposed by this legislation, DSS does believe that this would likely violate the "freedom of choice of provider" provision of federal law and could subject the Department of Social Services to federal sanctions.

The Department is not certain how CMS would respond to the language. Therefore, the cost is presented as a range, from \$0 to approximately 2% (\$166 million) of the total Title XIX federal claim for the last four quarters.

Oversight does not have any information contrary to that provided by DSS. Therefore, Oversight will reflect DSS's impact of "\$0 to (\$166,000,000)" for fiscal note purposes, dependent upon action (if any) taken by the CMS.

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Responses regarding the proposed legislation as a whole

Officials from the **Office of Attorney General (AGO)** assume any additional litigation costs arising from this proposal can be absorbed with existing personnel and resources. However, the AGO may seek additional appropriations if there is a significant increase in litigation.

Oversight does not have any information to the contrary. Therefore, Oversight assumes the AGO will be able to perform any additional duties required by this proposal with current staff and resources and will reflect no fiscal impact to the AGO for fiscal note purposes.

Officials from the **Office of Administration - Budget & Planning (B&P)** state this bill has no direct impact on B&P or on general and total state revenues. The B&P states it will not impact the calculation pursuant to Article X, Section 18(e).

Officials from the Department of Commerce and Insurance, the Department of Health and Senior Services, the Department of Mental Health, the Missouri Office of Prosecution Services, the Office of the State Courts Administrator, the Office of the State Public Defender and the Newton County Health Department each assume the proposal will have no fiscal impact on their respective organizations. Oversight does not have any information to the contrary. Therefore, Oversight will reflect a zero impact in the fiscal note for these agencies.

In response to a previous version, officials from the **St. Louis County Health Department** assumed the proposal would have no fiscal impact on their organization. **Oversight** does not have any information to the contrary. Therefore, Oversight will reflect a zero impact in the fiscal note for that agency.

Oversight only reflects the responses received from state agencies and political subdivisions; however, other local public health agencies, nursing homes, ambulance districts and hospitals were requested to respond to this proposed legislation but did not. A general listing of political subdivisions included in Oversight's database is available upon request.

Rule Promulgation

Officials from the **Joint Committee on Administrative Rules** assume this proposal is not anticipated to cause a fiscal impact beyond its current appropriation.

Officials from the **Office of the Secretary of State (SOS)** notes many bills considered by the General Assembly include provisions allowing or requiring agencies to submit rules and regulations to implement the act. The SOS is provided with core funding to handle a certain amount of normal activity resulting from each year's legislative session. The fiscal impact for this fiscal note to the SOS for Administrative Rules is less than \$5,000. The SOS recognizes that this is a small amount and does not expect that additional funding would be required to meet these costs. However, the SOS also recognize that many such bills may be passed by the General

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Assembly in a given year and that collectively the costs may be in excess of what the office can sustain with the core budget. Therefore, the SOS reserves the right to request funding for the cost of supporting administrative rules requirements should the need arise based on a review of the finally approved bills signed by the governor.

FISCAL IMPACT – State Government	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025
	(10 Mo.)		
FEDERAL FUNDS			
<u>Losses</u> – DSS/MHD (§§188.202;			
188.207; 208.152; 208.153 and			
208.164) Potential loss of federal			
portion of the pharmacy appropriation	<u>\$0 to</u>	<u>\$0 to</u>	<u>\$0 to</u>
pp. 3-4	(\$166,000,000)	(\$166,000,000)	(\$166,000,000)
ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON	<u>\$0 to</u>	<u>\$0 to</u>	<u>\$0 to</u>
FEDERAL FUNDS	<u>(\$166,000,000)</u>	<u>(\$166,000,000)</u>	<u>(\$166,000,000)</u>

FISCAL IMPACT – Local Government	FY 2023 (10 Mo.)	FY 2024	FY 2025
	(10 1010.)		
	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>

FISCAL IMPACT - Small Business

No direct fiscal impact to small businesses would be expected as a result of this proposal.

FISCAL DESCRIPTION

This bill provides no federal act, law, executive order, administrative order, rule, or regulation may infringe on the right of state citizens to restrict public funds, facilities, and employees from:

- 1) Being used to perform, induce, or assist in abortions;
- 2) Encouraging childbirth over abortions in the use of public funds, facilities, and employees;
- 3) Defending the religious beliefs and moral convictions of those who do not wish to be forced to participate directly or indirectly in abortions;
- 4) Preventing the state, its political subdivisions, and public officials from being coerced or compelled by the federal government from administering or enforcing a federal regulatory program that funds abortions (§188.202).

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It shall be unlawful for public funds to be expended to any abortion facility and any affiliate or associate of such facility (§§188.207; 208.152; 208.164 and 208.659).

If a taxpayer takes action to enforce the above provisions of the bill, a court may order injunctive or other equitable relief, recovery of damages or other legal remedies, or both, as well as payment of reasonable attorney's fees, costs, and expenses of the taxpayer (§188.202).

Currently, any person entitled to MO HealthNet benefits is able to obtain benefits from any provider of services with which an agreement is in effect and which undertakes to provide the services, as authorized by the MO HealthNet Division, the bill repeals this option (§208.153).

This legislation is not federally mandated, would not duplicate any other program and would not require additional capital improvements or rental space.

SOURCES OF INFORMATION

Attorney General's Office
Department of Commerce and Insurance
Department of Health and Senior Services
Department of Mental Health
Department of Social Services
Joint Committee on Administrative Rules
Missouri Office of Prosecution Services
Office of Administration - Budget and Planning
Office of the Secretary of State
Office of the State Courts Administrator
Office of the State Public Defender
Newton County Health Department
St. Louis County Health Department

Julie Morff Director

February 9, 2022

Ross Strope Assistant Director February 9, 2022