

COMMITTEE ON LEGISLATIVE RESEARCH
OVERSIGHT DIVISION

FISCAL NOTE

L.R. No.: 1218H.011
 Bill No.: HJR 24
 Subject: Constitutional Amendments; Courts; Governor and Lieutenant Governor; Saint Louis City; Jackson County; Counties; Cities, Towns, and Villages
 Type: Original
 Date: March 7, 2021

Bill Summary: This joint resolution proposes a Constitutional Amendment changing how judges are selected to certain courts and the terms certain judges may serve.

FISCAL SUMMARY

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON GENERAL REVENUE FUND			
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024
General Revenue*	\$0 or (More than \$7,000,000)	\$0	\$0
Total Estimated Net Effect on General Revenue	\$0 or (More than \$7,000,000)	\$0	\$0

*The potential fiscal impact of “(More than \$7,000,000)” would be realized only if a special election were called by the Governor to submit this joint resolution to voters.

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON OTHER STATE FUNDS			
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024
Total Estimated Net Effect on <u>Other State Funds</u>	\$0	\$0	\$0

Numbers within parentheses: () indicate costs or losses.

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON FEDERAL FUNDS			
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024
Total Estimated Net Effect on <u>All</u> Federal Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON FULL TIME EQUIVALENT (FTE)			
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024
Total Estimated Net Effect on FTE	0	0	0

Estimated Net Effect (expenditures or reduced revenues) expected to exceed \$250,000 in any of the three fiscal years after implementation of the act or at full implementation of the act.

Estimated Net Effect (savings or increased revenues) expected to exceed \$250,000 in any of the three fiscal years after implementation of the act or at full implementation of the act.

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON LOCAL FUNDS			
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024
Local Government	\$0*	\$0	\$0

*Possible costs and state reimbursements net to zero, if put before the voters at a special election.

FISCAL ANALYSIS

ASSUMPTION

Officials from **Office of the Secretary of State** assume, each year, a number of joint resolutions that would refer to a vote of the people a constitutional amendment and bills that would refer to a vote of the people the statutory issue in the legislation may be considered by the General Assembly.

Unless a special election is called for the purpose, Joint Resolutions proposing a constitutional amendment are submitted to a vote of the people at the next general election. Article XII section 2(b) of the Missouri Constitution authorizes the Governor to order a special election for constitutional amendments referred to the people. If a special election is called to submit a Joint Resolution to a vote of the people, section 115.063.2 RSMo requires the state to pay the costs. The cost of the special election has been estimated to be \$7 million based on the cost of the 2020 Presidential Preference Primary.

The Secretary of State's office is required to pay for publishing in local newspapers the full text of each statewide ballot measure as directed by Article XII, Section 2(b) of the Missouri Constitution and Section 116.230-116.290, RSMo. Funding for this item is adjusted each year depending upon the election cycle. A new decision item is requested in odd numbered fiscal years and the amount requested is dependent upon the estimated number of ballot measures that will be approved by the General Assembly and the initiative petitions certified for the ballot. In FY 2014, the General Assembly changed the appropriation so that it was no longer an estimated appropriation.

In FY19, over \$5.8 million was spent to publish the full text of the measures for the August and November elections. The SOS estimates \$75,000 per page for the costs of publications based on the actual cost incurred for the one referendum that was on the August 2018 ballot.

The Secretary of State's office will continue to assume, for the purposes of this fiscal note, that it should have the full appropriation authority it needs to meet the publishing requirements. Because these requirements are mandatory, they reserve the right to request funding to meet the cost of our publishing requirements if the Governor and the General Assembly again change the amount or continue to not designate it as an estimated appropriation.

Oversight has reflected, in this fiscal note, the state potentially reimbursing local political subdivisions the cost of having this joint resolution voted on during a special election in fiscal year 2022. This reflects the decision made by the Joint Committee on Legislative Research that the cost of the elections should be shown in the fiscal note. The next scheduled statewide primary election is in August 2022 and the next scheduled general election is in November 2022 (both in FY 2023). It is assumed the subject within this proposal could be on one of these ballots;

however, it could also be on a special election called for by the Governor in FY 2022. Therefore, Oversight will reflect a potential election cost reimbursement to local political subdivisions in FY 2022.

Officials from the **Office of the Governor (GOV)** state this section changes the way the Governor appoints Supreme Court and Court of Appeals judges. The GOV will now be tasked with selecting and appointing judges for any vacancies among these courts, whereas the nonpartisan judicial commission currently provides the Governor with three nominations from which to choose.

There should be no added cost to the Governor's Office as a result of this measure.

Officials from the **Office of the State Courts Administrator** assume from this proposal there may be some impact, but there is no way to quantify that currently. Any significant changes will be reflected in future budget requests.

Oversight does not have any information to the contrary. Therefore, Oversight will reflect a zero impact in the fiscal note for this agency.

Officials from the **Missouri Senate** assume the proposal will have no fiscal impact on their organization. **Oversight** does not have any information to the contrary. Therefore, Oversight will reflect a zero impact in the fiscal note for this agency.

Officials from the **City of St. Louis** assume the proposal will have no fiscal impact on their organization. **Oversight** does not have any information to the contrary. Therefore, Oversight will reflect a zero impact in the fiscal note for this agency.

Officials from Jackson County did not respond to **Oversight's** request for fiscal impact for this proposal.

<u>FISCAL IMPACT – State Government</u>	FY 2022 (10 Mo.)	FY 2023	FY 2024
GENERAL REVENUE			
<u>Transfer Out – SOS – reimbursement of local election authority election costs if a special election is called by the Governor</u>	\$0 or (More than <u>\$7,000,000</u>)	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON GENERAL REVENUE	\$0 or (More than <u>\$7,000,000</u>)	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>

<u>FISCAL IMPACT – Local Government</u>	FY 2022 (10 Mo.)	FY 2023	FY 2024
LOCAL POLITICAL SUBDIVISIONS			
<u>Transfer In – Local Election Authorities – reimbursement of election costs by the State for a special election</u>	\$0 or More than \$7,000,000	\$0	\$0
<u>Costs – Local Election Authorities – cost of a special election if called</u>	\$0 or (More than <u>\$7,000,000</u>)	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON LOCAL POLITICAL SUBDIVISIONS	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>

FISCAL IMPACT – Small Business

No direct fiscal impact to small businesses would be expected as a result of this proposal.

FISCAL DESCRIPTION

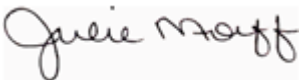
Upon voter approval, this proposed Constitutional amendment would change the way judges are selected. Currently, when a judicial vacancy occurs in the Missouri Supreme Court or the Court of Appeals, a nonpartisan judicial commission nominates three qualified individuals and submits their names to the Governor, who then must appoint one of the three within 60 days. If the Governor fails to appoint one of the three within 60 days, the Judicial Commission appoints one of its nominees. This resolution proposes an amendment to eliminate the Judicial Commission and have the Governor appoint a judge, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.

Currently, judges of the Missouri Supreme Court and judges of the Court of Appeals are selected for 12-year terms. This resolution proposes to change the selection to one 16-year term.

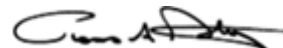
This legislation is not federally mandated, would not duplicate any other program and would not require additional capital improvements or rental space.

SOURCES OF INFORMATION

Office of the Secretary of State
Office of the Governor
Missouri Senate
Office of the State Courts Administrator
City of St. Louis



Julie Morff
Director
March 7, 2021



Ross Strobe
Assistant Director
March 7, 2021