

COMMITTEE ON LEGISLATIVE RESEARCH  
OVERSIGHT DIVISION

**FISCAL NOTE**

L.R. No.: 4257-02  
Bill No.: HCS for HB 1713  
Subject: Tax Incentives; Tax Credits; Taxation and Revenue - Income; Economic Development; Department of Economic Development  
Type: Original  
Date: February 21, 2020

Bill Summary: This proposal establishes the Capitol Complex Tax Credit Act

**FISCAL SUMMARY**

<b>ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON GENERAL REVENUE FUND</b>			
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
General Revenue	Up to (\$10,000,000)	Up to (\$10,000,000)	Up to (\$10,000,000)
<b>Total Estimated Net Effect on General Revenue</b>	<b>Up to (\$10,000,000)</b>	<b>Up to (\$10,000,000)</b>	<b>Up to (\$10,000,000)</b>

<b>ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON OTHER STATE FUNDS</b>			
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
Capitol Complex Fund	Up to \$20,000,000	Up to \$20,000,000	Up to \$20,000,000
<b>Total Estimated Net Effect on <u>Other</u> State Funds</b>	<b>Up to \$20,000,000</b>	<b>Up to \$20,000,000</b>	<b>Up to \$20,000,000</b>

Numbers within parentheses: ( ) indicate costs or losses. This fiscal note contains 11 pages.

<b>ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON FEDERAL FUNDS</b>			
<b>FUND AFFECTED</b>	<b>FY 2021</b>	<b>FY 2022</b>	<b>FY 2023</b>
<b>Total Estimated Net Effect on <u>All</u> Federal Funds</b>	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>

<b>ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON FULL TIME EQUIVALENT (FTE)</b>			
<b>FUND AFFECTED</b>	<b>FY 2021</b>	<b>FY 2022</b>	<b>FY 2023</b>
Capitol Complex Fund	0 to 1 FTE	0 to 1 FTE	0 to 1 FTE
<b>Total Estimated Net Effect on FTE</b>	<b>0 to 1 FTE</b>	<b>0 to 1 FTE</b>	<b>0 to 1 FTE</b>

Estimated Net Effect (expenditures or reduced revenues) expected to exceed \$100,000 in any Of the three fiscal years after implementation of the act.

<b>ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON LOCAL FUNDS</b>			
<b>FUND AFFECTED</b>	<b>FY 2021</b>	<b>FY 2022</b>	<b>FY 2023</b>
<b>Local Government</b>	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>

## FISCAL ANALYSIS

### ASSUMPTION

Officials from the **Office of Administration - Division of Budget & Planning (B&P)** state this proposal would create a tax credit for individuals or entities that make eligible monetary or artifact donations to the Capitol Complex Fund, beginning January 1, 2020. Taxpayers may claim a tax credit for an amount up to 50% of their eligible monetary donation or for an amount up to 30% of their eligible artifact donation. The credit for monetary donations is refundable or can be carried forward to any of the four subsequent taxable years. The credit for eligible artifact donations has a four-year carry-forward provision. Issuances of these tax credits are capped at \$10,000,000 annually. These tax credits may offset Tax Year 2020 liabilities; therefore, reducing General Revenue (GR) and Total State Revenues (TSR) by up to \$10,000,000 annually beginning in Fiscal Year 2021.

This proposal would also create the Capitol Complex Fund that will be used for maintenance, renovations, and rehabilitation of the Capitol Complex, administered by the Missouri Development Finance Board. Revenues for this fund will consist of monetary donations. Because this fund will be a Missouri Development Finance Board fund outside the State Treasury, it will have no impact on TSR.

**Oversight** notes the tax credit created under Section 620.3210 of this proposed legislation is awarded to qualified donors who make eligible monetary donations equal to fifty percent (50%) of the donation and to qualified donors who make eligible artifact donations equal to thirty percent (30%) of the donation. Only revenues from eligible monetary donations of this proposed legislation would be deposited into the Capitol Complex Fund. The cumulative cap for tax credits created under this proposed legislation is \$10 million annually. Oversight notes the \$10 million cap is for both eligible monetary donations and eligible artifact donations. Thus, Oversight assumes the maximum amount that could be deposited into the Capitol Complex Fund by means of eligible monetary donations is \$20 million annually provided no eligible artifact donations are recognized. The estimated amount deposited into the Capitol Complex Fund is dependent on eligible monetary donations; the estimated amount deposited could be reduced for every eligible artifact donation as no revenues are deposited into the Capitol Complex Fund from artifact donations while the donation itself would lessen the shared amount available within the \$10 million tax credit cap.

ASSUMPTION (continued)

In response to the previous version of this proposed legislation, officials from the **Missouri Department of Economic Development (DED)** stated this creates the Capitol Complex Tax Credit Act. Beginning January 1, 2020, a donor gets a tax credit equal to fifty percent (50%) for monetary donations and thirty percent (30%) for artifact donations. This proposed legislation places a cap of \$10 million in authorizations per year. This is the impact to TSR since it is a reduction of tax revenue.

DED will need to hire one (1) Economic Development Incentive Specialist III (at \$51,808 annually) to administer the program.

**Oversight** assumes DED could absorb the additional duties and responsibilities of the tax credit program proposed without adding additional FTE; however, due to the uncertainty of how many tax credits will be issued under this proposed legislation, Oversight will range DED's cost from \$0 (FTE can be absorbed) to the estimate(s) provided by DED for one Economic Development Incentive Specialist III (FTE is not absorbed) to the Capitol Complex Fund. Oversight notes this proposed legislation allows administrative costs to be paid out of the Capitol Complex Fund. Therefore, Oversight assumes GR would not be impacted by adding DED's FTE. Oversight notes, however, this proposed legislation would not require in-state or out-of-state travel for DED. Therefore, Oversight has adjusted the expenses reported by DED to remove the in-state and out-of-state travel expenses.

Officials from the **Missouri Department of Revenue (DOR)** state this proposed legislation creates the "Capitol Complex Tax Credit Act". For all taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2020, this act authorizes a tax credit against the taxes otherwise due under chapter 143 and 148, except for sections 143.191 to 143.265, for all monetary and artifact donations. The tax credit for monetary donations shall not exceed fifty percent (50%) of the eligible donation, is refundable and may be carried forward up to four taxable years. The tax credit for artifact donations shall not exceed thirty percent (30%) of the eligible donation, is not refundable but may be carried forward up to four taxable years. No more than 10 million dollars in tax credits shall be authorized in any given calendar year.

This proposed legislation establishes the "Capitol Complex Fund", which is authorized to receive any eligible monetary donation as provided in the section. The "Capitol Complex Fund" shall be separated into two accounts: a rehabilitation and renovation account and a maintenance account. The distribution of the funds shall be 90 percent and 7.5, respectively. The remaining 2.5 percent may be used for soliciting donations to the fund, advertising and promoting the fund, and administrative costs of the fund.

ASSUMPTION (continued)

DOR assumes this would cause a negative impact to GR of Up to \$10 million annually starting in Fiscal Year 2021.

**Oversight** notes the tax credit program authorized under this proposed legislation would begin January 1, 2020. Tax Year 2020 tax returns claiming the tax credit(s) authorized under this proposed legislation would not be filed until after January 1, 2021 (Fiscal Year 2021). Therefore, Oversight will show the reduction to GR and TSR beginning in Fiscal Year 2021.

Officials from the **Office of Administration (OA)** state this bill would create the Capitol Complex Fund to be used for maintenance, renovation, and rehabilitation of the Capitol Complex. Donors to the fund would be eligible to receive a credit against state income tax for 50% of their donation amount. The bill provides that the Commissioner of Administration would determine what projects are performed with the money from the fund and how projects will be carried out.

OA-FMDC assumes that this bill could result in OA-FMDC being responsible for additional projects in the Capitol Complex. Depending on the amount of donations that would be received, and the nature of the projects that would be performed with the money from the fund, the impact of this bill could vary.

An increase in the number of projects as a result of this bill would result in increased workload for OA-FMDC staff and could require additional FTE, depending upon the size and number of the projects. If the projects are small, OA-FMDC assumes that the work could be absorbed by existing staff. If however, there is one or more large projects (in excess of \$25 million) or numerous projects, additional FTE could be required. OA-FMDC assumes that the fund would not generate enough revenue in the first few years to require more than one new FTE.

OA-FMDC estimates the impact of this bill to be \$0 to \$74,102 (salary of one Executive I, fringe and E&E) starting in Fiscal Year 2023.

**Oversight** notes OA has stated the exact impact of this proposed legislation is unknown while providing an estimated impact of one (1) Executive I equal to \$74,102 beginning in Fiscal Year 2023. Oversight assumes since OA would be responsible for determining what projects are performed with the money in the Capitol Complex Fund and how the projects are to be carried out, OA would know what projects could or could not be carried out with existing resources and what projects would warrant additional FTE. Therefore, for the purposes of this fiscal note, Oversight assumes OA could absorb the responsibilities of the Capitol Complex Fund with existing resources. Should OA recognize the need for additional FTE in future years when evaluating what projects are to be performed, OA could require additional resources and request such through the appropriation process.

ASSUMPTION (continued)

Officials from the **Missouri Department of Commerce and Insurance (DCI)** state this proposed legislation could result in a potential unknown decrease of premium tax revenues (up to the tax credit limit established in the bill) as a result of the creation of the Capitol Complex Tax Credit. Premium tax revenue is split 50/50 between General Revenue (GR) and the County Foreign Insurance Fund except for domestic Stock Property and Casualty Companies who pay premium tax to the County Stock Fund. The County Foreign Insurance Fund is later distributed to school districts throughout the state. County Stock Funds are later distributed to the school district and county treasurer of the county in which the principal office of the insurer is located. It is unknown how each of these funds may be impacted by tax credits each year and which insurers will qualify for the tax credit proposed.

DCI will require minimal contract computer programming to add this new tax credit to the premium tax database and can do so under existing appropriation. However, should multiple bills pass that would require additional updates to the premium tax database, DCI may need to request more expense and equipment appropriation through the budget process.

**Oversight** notes DCI assumes they could absorb the responsibilities of the tax credit created under this proposed legislation. Should many bills pass which warrant updates to DCI's Premium Tax Database, DCI may seek additional expense and equipment through the appropriation process.

**Oversight** notes this proposed legislation establishes the Capitol Complex Tax Credit Act for which qualified donors of eligible monetary items and eligible artifact items could qualify for a tax credit to offset tax(es) due under Chapters 143 and 148, other than Withholding Tax(es) authorized under Section(s) 143.191 to 143.265. The tax credit program authorized would begin January 1, 2020. Qualified donors who make eligible monetary donations could qualify for a tax credit up to fifty percent (50%) of the amount donated while qualified donors who make eligible artifact donations could qualify for a tax credit up to thirty percent (30%) of the value of the artifact which would be determined by the Board of Public Buildings. Oversight notes the Board of Public Building consists of the Governor, the Attorney General and the Lieutenant Governor. Tax credits authorized for eligible monetary donations could be refunded or carried forward for four taxable periods. Tax credits authorized for eligible artifact donations are limited to the recipients state tax liability and may not be refunded but may be carried forward for four taxable periods.

The eligible monetary amounts donated by qualified donors would be deposited into the Capitol Complex Fund. Oversight notes that no more than \$10 million may be authorized in tax credit(s) under this proposed legislation each calendar year and the tax credits would be issued on a

ASSUMPTION (continued)

first-come, first-serve basis. Therefore, Oversight estimates the maximum deposits into the Capitol Complex Fund each year by means of eligible monetary donations to be \$20 million (\$10 million cap / 50% tax credit). Oversight notes the estimated deposits into the Capitol Complex Fund of \$20 million could be reduced by each eligible artifact donation, as tax credits awarded for such a donation do not warrant any deposit into the Capitol Complex fund but shares the same \$10 million cap.

This proposed legislation provides that the Capitol Complex Fund shall be segregated into two separate accounts; a Rehabilitation and Renovation Account and a Maintenance Account. Oversight notes the proposed legislation states ninety percent (90%) of the revenues received from eligible monetary donations and fees collected pursuant to Section 620.3000 shall be deposited into the Rehabilitation and Renovation Account and seven and one-half percent (7.5%) percent shall be deposited into the Maintenance Account while the remaining two and one-half percent (2.5%) may be used for the purposes of soliciting donations to the fund, advertising and promoting the fund, and administrative costs of administering the fund. Oversight provides the following maximum estimated allocation of revenues generated by eligible monetary donations:

Capitol Complex Fund	Rehab. And Renovation Account (90%)	Maintenance Account (7.5%)	Soliciting/Advertising/Promotion/ Admin. Costs (2.5%)
Section 620.3210	\$20,000,000	\$18,000,000	\$1,500,000
<b>Total (DED FTE Not Included)</b>	<b>\$20,000,000</b>	<b>\$18,000,000</b>	<b>\$1,500,000</b>
Less DED Admin. Cost	(\$84,856) credited from revenues in last column		
<b>Total (DED FTE Included)</b>	<b>\$20,000,000</b>	<b>\$18,000,000</b>	<b>\$1,500,000</b>
			<b>\$415,144</b>

**Oversight** notes, since the Capitol Complex Fund would be a Missouri Development Finance Board fund, outside of the State Treasurer's Office, there will be no impact to General Revenue (GR) or Total State Revenue (TSR).

**Oversight** estimates GR and TSR could be reduced by an amount up to \$10,000,000 as a result of the tax credit created under this proposed legislation.

In response to the previous version of this proposed legislation, officials from the **Office of the Secretary of State (SOS)** stated many bills considered by the General Assembly include provisions allowing or requiring agencies to submit rules and regulations to implement the act.

ASSUMPTION (continued)

The SOS is provided with core funding to handle a certain amount of normal activity resulting from each year's legislative session. The fiscal impact for this fiscal note to the SOS for Administrative Rules is less than \$5,000. The SOS recognizes that this is a small amount and does not expect that additional funding would be required to meet these costs. However, the SOS also recognizes that many such bills may be passed by the General Assembly in a given year and that collectively the costs may be in excess of what the office can sustain with the core budget. Therefore, the SOS reserves the right to request funding for the cost of supporting administrative rules requirements should the need arise based on a review of the finally approved bills signed by the governor.

**Oversight** assumes the SOS could absorb the costs of printing and distributing regulations related to this proposal. If multiple bills pass which require the printing and distribution of regulations at substantial costs, the SOS could request funding through the appropriation process.

Officials from the **Joint Committee on Administrative Rules (JCAR)** assume this proposal is not anticipated to cause a fiscal impact beyond current appropriations.

**Oversight** assumes JCAR will be able to administer any rules resulting from this proposal with existing resources.

**Oversight** notes the **Missouri Department of Transportation**, the **Missouri State Treasurer's Office** and the **Missouri Attorney General's Office** have stated this proposed legislation would not have a direct fiscal impact on their respective organizations. Oversight does not have any information to the contrary. Therefore, Oversight will reflect a zero fiscal impact in this fiscal note for these organizations.

**Oversight** notes, in response to the previous version of this proposed legislation, the **Governor's Office** had stated this proposed legislation would not have a direct fiscal impact on its organization. Oversight does not have any information to the contrary. Therefore, Oversight will report a zero fiscal impact in this fiscal note for this organization.

**Oversight** notes, in response to similar legislation (SB 586 - 2020), the **Lieutenant Governor's Office** stated this proposed legislation would not have a direct fiscal impact on their respective organization. Oversight does not have any information to the contrary. Therefore, Oversight will reflect a zero fiscal impact in this fiscal note for this organization



<u>FISCAL IMPACT - State Government</u>	FY 2021 (10 Mo.)	FY 2022	FY 2023
<b>GENERAL REVENUE FUND</b>			
<u>Revenue Reduction</u> - Section 620.3210 - Tax Credit for eligible monetary donations to Capitol Complex Fund and eligible artifact donations to Board of Public Buildings	Up to <u>(\$10,000,000)</u>	Up to <u>(\$10,000,000)</u>	Up to <u>(\$10,000,000)</u>
<b>ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON GENERAL REVENUE FUND</b>	<b><u>Up to</u></b> <b><u>(\$10,000,000)</u></b>	<b><u>Up to</u></b> <b><u>(\$10,000,000)</u></b>	<b><u>Up to</u></b> <b><u>(\$10,000,000)</u></b>
<b>CAPITOL COMPLEX FUND</b>			
<u>Revenue Gain</u> - Section 620.3210 - Total value of donations made by donors for 50% tax credit	Up to \$20,000,000	Up to \$20,000,000	Up to \$20,000,000
<u>Cost</u> - DED - Section 620.3210 - Administration of tax credit program paid from administration account			
Personal Service	\$0 to (\$43,173)	\$0 to (\$52,326)	\$0 to (\$52,849)
Fringe Benefits	\$0 to (\$23,938)	\$0 to (\$28,897)	\$0 to (\$29,071)
Equipment and Expense	\$0 to (\$11,193)	\$0 to (\$2,602)	\$0 to (\$2,666)
<u>Total Cost</u>	<u>\$0 to (\$78,304)</u>	<u>\$0 to (\$83,825)</u>	<u>\$0 to (\$84,586)</u>
FTE Change	0 to 1 FTE	0 to 1 FTE	0 to 1 FTE
<b>ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON CAPITOL COMPLEX FUND</b>	<b><u>Up to</u></b> <b><u>\$20,000,000</u></b>	<b><u>Up to</u></b> <b><u>\$20,000,000</u></b>	<b><u>Up to</u></b> <b><u>\$20,000,000</u></b>
Estimated Net FTE Effect on the Capitol Complex Fund	0 to 1 FTE	0 to 1 FTE	0 to 1 FTE
 <u>FISCAL IMPACT - Local Government</u>			
	FY 2021 (10 Mo.)	FY 2022	FY 2023
	<b><u>\$0</u></b>	<b><u>\$0</u></b>	<b><u>\$0</u></b>

### FISCAL IMPACT - Small Business

This proposed legislation could positively impact any small business that makes eligible monetary donations or eligible artifact donations as they may receive a tax credit that would reduce or eliminate the small business's tax liability.

### FISCAL DESCRIPTION

This bill creates the "Capitol Complex Tax Credit Act" and the "Capitol Complex Fund". The Capitol Complex Fund is authorized to receive any eligible monetary donation, as defined in the bill, and will be segregated into two accounts consisting of a rehabilitation and renovation account and a maintenance account. Ninety percent of the revenues deposited into the fund will be placed in the rehabilitation and renovation account and 7.5% of revenues deposited in the fund will be placed in the maintenance account. The remaining 2.5% of the funds may be used for the purposes of fundraising, advertising, and administrative costs.

The choice of projects for which money is to be used, as well as the determination of the methods of carrying out the project and the procurement of goods and services, will be made by the Commissioner of Administration. No moneys will be released from the fund for any expense without the approval of the Commissioner of Administration.

For all taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2020, any qualified donor, as defined in the bill, will be allowed a credit against any state income tax (except employer withheld taxes) or state taxes imposed on financial institutions for an amount equal to 50% of the monetary donation amount. Any amount of tax credit that exceeds the qualified donor's state income tax liability may be refunded or carried forward for the following four years.

For all taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2020, a qualified donor will be allowed a credit against any state income tax (except employer withheld taxes) or state taxes imposed on financial institutions for an amount equal to 30% of the value of the eligible artifact donation, as defined in the bill. Any amount of tax credit that exceeds the donor's tax liability will not be refunded for artifacts, but the credit may be carried forward for four subsequent years.

The Department of Economic Development will not issue tax credits for donations to the Capitol Complex Fund in excess of \$10 million per year in the aggregate. Donations received in excess of the cap will be placed in line for tax credits the following year. Alternatively, a donor may donate without receiving the credit or may request that their donation is returned.

FISCAL DESCRIPTION (continued)

Tax credits issued for donations under this bill are not subject to any fee. Tax credits issued under this bill may be assigned, transferred, sold, or otherwise conveyed.

This bill will sunset six years from the effective date. (Section 620.3210)

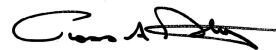
This legislation is not federally mandated, would not duplicate any other program and would not require additional capital improvements or rental space.

SOURCES OF INFORMATION

Office of Administration - Budget & Planning Division  
Missouri Department of Economic Development  
Office of Administration  
Missouri Department of Commerce and Insurance  
Joint Committee on Administrative Rules  
Missouri Secretary of State's Office  
Missouri Department of Transportation  
Missouri State Treasurer's Office  
Missouri Attorney General's Office  
Governor's Office  
Lieutenant Governor's Office



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