AMEND Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 631, Page 1, Section A, Line 2, by inserting after all of said section and line the following:

"2.020. As soon as practicable after the laws passed at any session of the general assembly are printed and delivered, the secretary of state shall [cause the original rolls to be bound in a strong and substantial manner and properly labeled, and shall make therein a typewritten index referring to each act and the subject matter of the same and shall] preserve and make available to the public for inspection the [volumes thus bound] original rolls safely in his or her office.

2.110. The secretary of state, as soon as practicable after [the effective date of this section and every four years thereafter if during any such period] any amendments have been adopted, shall [reprint, issue and distribute forty-five thousand] make available in print and online copies of the Constitution of the state of Missouri in the form contained in "Report No. 5" of the committee on legislative research, together with the amendments that have been adopted since the preceding publication."; and

Further amend said bill, Page 2, Section B, Lines 1 - 6, by removing all of said section from the bill and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"105.459. 1. A committee formed to receive contributions or make expenditures for inaugural activities on behalf of a person elected to serve in a statewide office shall file a statement of organization with the Missouri ethics commission within thirty days after the committee is formed. The statement shall include:

   (1) Identification of the major nature of the committee;
   (2) The name, mailing address, and telephone number of the chair or treasurer of the committee; and
   (3) The anticipated duration of the committee’s existence.

2. The committee shall file disclosure reports with the ethics commission that itemize receipts, expenditures, and indebtedness incurred by the committee. The first disclosure report shall be filed not later than thirty days after the statement of organization is filed. Subsequent disclosure reports shall be filed every three months for the duration of the committee’s existence.

3. The disclosure reports shall also include a separate listing by name, address, and employer, or occupation if self-employed, of each person from whom the committee received one or more contributions, in moneys or other things of value, that in the aggregate total in excess of twenty-five dollars, together with the date and amount of each such contribution. No committee shall accept any contribution without such information.

4. Upon termination of the committee, a termination statement indicating dissolution shall
be filed with the ethics commission not later than ten days after the date of dissolution. The
termination statement shall include:

(1) The distribution made of any surplus funds and the disposition of any deficits; and
(2) The name, mailing address, and telephone number of the individual who shall preserve
the committee’s records and accounts in accordance with subsection 5 of this section.
5. The chair or treasurer of any committee covered by this section shall maintain accurate
records and accounts that shall be maintained in accordance with accepted normal bookkeeping
procedures and shall contain the bills, receipts, deposit records, cancelled checks, and other detailed
information necessary to prepare and substantiate disclosure reports. All records and accounts of
receipts and expenditures shall be preserved for at least three years after a termination statement is
filed.

6. Any complaint that the provisions of this section are not followed shall be filed with the
ethics commission. Such complaints shall be in the form described in section 105.957 and shall be
investigated by the ethics commission in accordance with section 105.961.

7. Any person guilty of knowingly violating any of the provisions of this section shall be
punished in accordance with section 105.478.

105.485. 1. Each financial interest statement required by sections 105.483 to 105.492 shall
be on a form prescribed by the commission and shall be signed and verified by a written declaration
that it is made under penalties of perjury; provided, however, the form shall not seek information
which is not specifically required by sections 105.483 to 105.492.

2. Each person required to file a financial interest statement pursuant to subdivisions (1) to
(12) of section 105.483 shall file the following information for himself or herself, his or her spouse
and dependent children at any time during the period covered by the statement, whether singularly
or collectively; provided, however, that said person, if he or she does not know and his or her spouse
will not divulge any information required to be reported by this section concerning the financial
interest of his or her spouse, shall state on his or her financial interest statement that he or she has
disclosed that information known to him or her and that his or her spouse has refused or failed to
provide other information upon his or her bona fide request, and such statement shall be deemed to
satisfy the requirements of this section for such financial interest of his or her spouse; and provided
further if the spouse of any person required to file a financial interest statement is also required by
section 105.483 to file a financial interest statement, the financial interest statement filed by each
need not disclose the financial interest of the other, provided that each financial interest statement
shall state that the spouse of the person has filed a separate financial interest statement and the name
under which the statement was filed:

(1) The name and address of each of the employers of such person from whom income of
one thousand dollars or more was received during the year covered by the statement;
(2) The name and address of each sole proprietorship which he or she owned; the name,
address and the general nature of the business conducted of each general partnership and joint
venture in which he or she was a partner or participant; the name and address of each partner or
copartner for each partnership or joint venture unless such names and addresses are filed by the
partnership or joint venture with the secretary of state; the name, address and general nature of the
business conducted of any closely held corporation or limited partnership in which the person
owned ten percent or more of any class of the outstanding stock or limited partners' units; and the
name of any publicly traded corporation or limited partnership which is listed on a regulated stock
exchange or automated quotation system in which the person owned two percent or more of any
class of outstanding stock, limited partnership units or other equity interests;
(3) The name and address of any other source not reported pursuant to subdivisions (1) and
(2) and subdivisions (4) to (9) of this subsection from which such person received one thousand
dollars or more of income during the year covered by the statement, including, but not limited to,
any income otherwise required to be reported on any tax return such person is required by law to file; except that only the name of any publicly traded corporation or limited partnership which is listed on a regulated stock exchange or automated quotation system need be reported pursuant to this subdivision;

(4) The location by county, the subclassification for property tax assessment purposes, the approximate size and a description of the major improvements and use for each parcel of real property in the state, other than the individual's personal residence, having a fair market value of ten thousand dollars or more in which such person held a vested interest including a leasehold for a term of ten years or longer, and, if the property was transferred during the year covered by the statement, the name and address of the persons furnishing or receiving consideration for such transfer;

(5) The name and address of each entity in which such person owned stock, bonds or other equity interest with a value in excess of ten thousand dollars; except that, if the entity is a corporation listed on a regulated stock exchange, only the name of the corporation need be listed; and provided that any member of any board or commission of the state or any political subdivision who does not receive any compensation for his or her services to the state or political subdivision other than reimbursement for his or her actual expenses or a per diem allowance as prescribed by law for each day of such service need not report interests in publicly traded corporations or limited partnerships which are listed on a regulated stock exchange or automated quotation system pursuant to this subdivision; and provided further that the provisions of this subdivision shall not require reporting of any interest in any qualified plan or annuity pursuant to the Employees' Retirement Income Security Act;

(6) The name and address of each corporation for which such person served in the capacity of a director, officer or receiver;

(7) The name and address of each not-for-profit corporation and each association, organization, or union, whether incorporated or not, except not-for-profit corporations formed to provide church services, fraternal organizations or service clubs from which the officer or employee draws no remuneration, in which such person was an officer, director, employee or trustee at any time during the year covered by the statement, and for each such organization, a general description of the nature and purpose of the organization;

(8) The name and address of each source from which such person received a gift or gifts, or honorarium or honoraria in excess of two hundred dollars in value per source during the year covered by the statement other than gifts from persons within the third degree of consanguinity or affinity of the person filing the financial interest statement. For the purposes of this section, a "gift" shall not be construed to mean political contributions otherwise required to be reported by law or hospitality such as food, beverages or admissions to social, art, or sporting events or the like, or informational material. For the purposes of this section, a "gift" shall include gifts to or by creditors of the individual for the purpose of cancelling, reducing or otherwise forgiving the indebtedness of the individual to that creditor;

(9) The lodging and travel expenses provided by any third person for expenses incurred outside the state of Missouri whether by gift or in relation to the duties of office of such official, except that such statement shall not include travel or lodging expenses:

(a) Paid in the ordinary course of business for businesses described in subdivisions (1), (2), (5) and (6) of this subsection which are related to the duties of office of such official; or

(b) For which the official may be reimbursed as provided by law; or

(c) Paid by persons related by the third degree of consanguinity or affinity to the person filing the statement; or

(d) Expenses which are reported by the campaign committee or candidate committee of the person filing the statement pursuant to the provisions of chapter 130; or

(e) Paid for purely personal purposes which are not related to the person's official duties by
a third person who is not a lobbyist, a lobbyist principal or member, or officer or director of a member, of any association or entity which employs a lobbyist. The statement shall include the name and address of such person who paid the expenses, the date such expenses were incurred, the amount incurred, the location of the travel and lodging, and the nature of the services rendered or reason for the expenses;

(10) The assets in any revocable trust of which the individual is the settlor if such assets would otherwise be required to be reported under this section;

(11) The name, position and relationship of any relative within the first degree of consanguinity or affinity to any other person who:

(a) Is employed by the state of Missouri, by a political subdivision of the state or special district, as defined in section 115.013, of the state of Missouri;

(b) Is a lobbyist; or

(c) Is a fee agent of the department of revenue;

(12) The name and address of each campaign committee, political committee, candidate committee, or continuing committee for which such person or any corporation listed on such person's financial interest statement received payment; and

(13) For members of the general assembly or any statewide elected public official, their spouses, and their dependent children, whether any state tax credits were claimed on the member's, spouse's, or dependent child's most recent state income tax return.

3. For the purposes of subdivisions (1), (2) and (3) of subsection 2 of this section, an individual shall be deemed to have received a salary from his or her employer or income from any source at the time when he or she shall receive a negotiable instrument whether or not payable at a later date and at the time when under the practice of his or her employer or the terms of an agreement he or she has earned or is entitled to anything of actual value whether or not delivery of the value is deferred or right to it has vested. The term income as used in this section shall have the same meaning as provided in the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, and amendments thereto, as the same may be or becomes effective, at any time or from time to time for the taxable year, provided that income shall not be considered received or earned for purposes of this section from a partnership or sole proprietorship until such income is converted from business to personal use.

4. Each official, officer or employee or candidate of any political subdivision described in subdivision (11) of section 105.483 shall be required to file a financial interest statement as required by subsection 2 of this section, unless the political subdivision biennially adopts an ordinance, order or resolution at an open meeting by September fifteenth of the preceding year, which establishes and makes public its own method of disclosing potential conflicts of interest and substantial interests and therefore excludes the political subdivision or district and its officers and employees from the requirements of subsection 2 of this section. A certified copy of the ordinance, order or resolution shall be sent to the commission within ten days of its adoption. The commission shall assist any political subdivision in developing forms to complete the requirements of this subsection. The ordinance, order or resolution shall contain, at a minimum, the following requirements with respect to disclosure of substantial interests:

(1) Disclosure in writing of the following described transactions, if any such transactions were engaged in during the calendar year:

(a) For such person, and all persons within the first degree of consanguinity or affinity of such person, the date and the identities of the parties to each transaction with a total value in excess of five hundred dollars, if any, that such person had with the political subdivision, other than compensation received as an employee or payment of any tax, fee or penalty due to the political subdivision, and other than transfers for no consideration to the political subdivision;

(b) The date and the identities of the parties to each transaction known to the person with a total value in excess of five hundred dollars, if any, that any business entity in which such person
had a substantial interest, had with the political subdivision, other than payment of any tax, fee or penalty due to the political subdivision or transactions involving payment for providing utility service to the political subdivision, and other than transfers for no consideration to the political subdivision;

(2) The chief administrative officer and chief purchasing officer of such political subdivision shall disclose in writing the information described in subdivisions (1), (2) and (6) of subsection 2 of this section;

(3) Disclosure of such other financial interests applicable to officials, officers and employees of the political subdivision, as may be required by the ordinance or resolution;

(4) Duplicate disclosure reports made pursuant to this subsection shall be filed with the commission and the governing body of the political subdivision. The clerk of such governing body shall maintain such disclosure reports available for public inspection and copying during normal business hours.

5. The name and employer of dependent children under twenty-one years of age of each person required to file a financial interest form under this section shall be redacted and not made publicly available, upon the written request of such person to the commission.

6. Nothing in subsection 5 of this section shall be construed to abate the responsibility of reporting the names and employers of dependent children of each person required to file a financial interest form.

115.302 1. As used in this section, the terms “absent uniformed services voter” and “overseas voter” shall be defined under 52 U.S.C. Section 20310. The term “mail-in-ballot” shall mean any ballot that can be cast by United States mail, other than an absentee ballot.

2. Application for a mail-in-ballot may be made by the applicant in person, or by United States mail, or on behalf of the applicant by his or her guardian or relative within the second degree of consanguinity or affinity.

3. Each application for a mail-in-ballot shall be made to the election authority of the jurisdiction in which the person is registered. Each application shall be in writing and shall state the applicant’s name, address at which he or she is registered, the address to which the ballot is to be mailed, and, in the case of absent uniformed services and overseas applicants, the electronic mail address if electronic transmission is requested.

4. All applications for mail-in-ballots received prior to the sixth Tuesday before an election shall be stored at the office of the election authority until such time as the applications are processed under section 115.281. No application for a mail-in-ballot received in the office of the election authority after 5:00 p.m. on the second Wednesday immediately prior to the election shall be accepted by any election authority.

5. Each application for a mail-in-ballot shall be signed by the applicant or, if the application is made by a guardian or relative under this section, then the application shall be signed by the guardian or relative, who shall note on the application his or her relationship to the applicant. If an applicant, guardian, or relative is blind, unable to read or write the English language, or physically incapable of signing the application, he or she shall sign by mark that is witnessed by the signature of an election official or person of his or her choice. Any person who knowingly makes, delivers, or mails a fraudulent mail-in-ballot application shall be guilty of a class one election offense.

6. (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, any resident of the state of Missouri who resides outside the boundaries of the United States or who is on active duty with the United States Armed Forces or members of their immediate family living with them may request a mail-in-ballot.

(2) If an election authority rejects an application or request, then the election authority shall provide each absent uniformed services voter and each overseas voter who submits a voter registration application or a mail-in-ballot request with the reasons for the rejection.
(3) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, if a standard oath regarding material misstatements of fact is adopted for uniformed and overseas voters under the Help America Vote Act of 2002, then the election authority shall accept such oath for voter registration, mail-in-ballot, or other election-related materials.

(4) Not later than sixty days after the date of each regularly scheduled general election for federal office, each election authority which administered the election shall submit to the secretary of state, in a format prescribed by the secretary, a report on the combined number of mail-in ballots transmitted to, and returned by, absent uniformed services voters and overseas voters for the election. The secretary shall submit to the Election Assistance Commission a combined report of such information not later than ninety days after the date of each regularly scheduled general election for federal office in a format developed by the Commission under the Help America Vote Act of 2002. The secretary shall make the report available to the general public.

7. Except as provided under section 115.914, not later than the sixth Tuesday prior to each election, or within fourteen days after candidate names or questions are certified under section 115.125, the election authority shall cause to have printed and made available a sufficient quantity of mail-in ballots, ballot envelopes, and mailing envelopes. As soon as possible after a proper official calls a special state or county election, the election authority shall cause to have printed and made available a sufficient quantity of mail-in ballots, ballot envelopes, and mailing envelopes.

8. Each ballot envelope shall bear a statement on which the voter shall state the voter’s name, voting address, and mailing address. On the form, the voter shall also state under penalties of perjury that the voter is qualified to vote in the election, that the voter has personally marked the voter’s ballot in secret or supervised the marking of the voter’s ballot if the voter is unable to mark it, that the ballot has been placed in the ballot envelope and sealed by the voter or under the voter’s supervision if the voter is unable to seal it, and that all information contained in the statement is true. In addition, any person providing assistance to the mail-in voter shall include a statement on the envelope identifying the person providing such assistance under penalties of perjury. Persons authorized to vote only for federal and statewide offices shall also state their former Missouri residence.

9. The statement for persons voting mail-in ballots who are registered voters shall be in substantially the following form:

_____ State of Missouri

_____ County (City) of _____

_____ I, _____ (print name), a registered voter of _____ County (City of St. Louis, Kansas City), declare under the penalties of perjury that: I am qualified to vote at this election; I have not voted and will not vote other than by this ballot at this election. I further state that I marked the enclosed ballot in secret or that I am blind, unable to read or write English, or physically incapable of marking the ballot, and the person of
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my choosing indicated below marked the ballot at my
direction; all of the information on this statement is, to the
best of my knowledge and belief, true.

__________________
Signature of Voter
Signature of Person
Assisting Voter
(If applicable)
Subscribed and sworn to before me this
day of , .

__________________
Signature of notary or other officer authorized
to administer oaths.

Mailing Addresses
(If different)

10. Upon receipt of a signed application for a mail-in ballot and if satisfied that the
applicant is entitled to vote by mail-in ballot, the election authority shall, within three working days
after receiving the application, or if mail-in ballots are not available at the time the application is
received, within five working days after they become available, deliver to the voter a mail-in ballot,
ballet envelope and such instructions as are necessary for the applicant to vote. Delivery shall be
made by first class, registered, or certified mail at the discretion of the election authority, or in the
case of a covered voter under section 115.902, the method of transmission prescribed under section
115.914. If the election authority is not satisfied that any applicant is entitled to vote by mail-in
ballot, the authority shall not deliver a mail-in ballot to the applicant. Within three working days of
receiving such an application, the election authority shall notify the applicant and state the reason he
or she is not entitled to vote by mail-in ballot. The applicant may file a complaint with the elections
division of the secretary of state’s office under section 115.219.

11. On the mailing and ballot envelopes for each covered voter, the election authority shall
stamp prominently in black the words “FEDERAL BALLOT, STATE OF MISSOURI” and
“U.S. Postage Paid, 39 U.S.C. Section 3406”.

12. No information which encourages a vote for or against a candidate or issue shall be
provided to any voter with a mail-in ballot.

13. Upon receiving a mail-in ballot by mail, the voter shall mark the ballot in secret, place
the ballot in the ballot envelope, seal the envelope and fill out the statement on the ballot envelope.
The affidavit of each person voting a mail-in ballot shall be subscribed and sworn to before the
1 election official receiving the ballot, a notary public, or other officer authorized by law to administer
2 oaths. If the voter is blind, unable to read or write the English language, or physically incapable of
3 voting the ballot, the voter may be assisted by a person of the voter’s own choosing. Any person
4 assisting a voter who is not entitled to such assistance, any person who assists a voter and in any
5 manner coerces or initiates a request or suggestion that the voter vote for or against, or refrain from
6 voting on, any question or candidate, shall be guilty of a class one election offense. If, upon
7 counting, challenge, or election contest, it is ascertained that any mail-in ballot was voted with
8 unlawful assistance, the ballot shall be rejected.
9
10 14. Each mail-in ballot shall be returned to the election authority in the ballot envelope and
11 shall only be returned by the voter by United States mail; except that covered voters who are
12 sending ballots from a location determined by the secretary of state to be inaccessible on election
day, shall be allowed to return their mail-in ballots cast by use of facsimile transmission or under a
13 program approved by the United States Department of Defense for the electronic transmission of
14 election materials.
15
16 15. No election authority shall refuse to accept and process any otherwise valid marked
17 mail-in ballot submitted in any manner by a covered voter solely on the basis of restrictions on
18 envelope type.
19
20 16. The secretary of state may prescribe uniform regulations with respect to the printing of
21 ballot envelopes and mailing envelopes, which shall comply with standards established by federal
22 law or postal regulations. Mailing envelopes for use in returning ballots shall be printed with
23 business reply permits so that any ballot returned by mail does not require postage. All fees and
24 costs for establishing and maintaining the business reply and postage-free mail for all ballots cast
25 shall be paid by the secretary of state through state appropriations.
26
27 17. All proper votes on each mail-in ballot received by an election authority at or before the
28 time fixed by law for the closing of the polls on election day shall be counted. Except as provided
29 under section 115.920, no votes on any mail-in ballot received by an election authority after the time
30 fixed by law for the closing of the polls on election day shall be counted.
31
32 18. If sufficient evidence is shown to an election authority that any mail-in voter has died
33 prior to the opening of the polls on election day, the ballot of the deceased voter shall be rejected if
34 it is still sealed in the ballot envelope. Any such rejected ballot, still sealed in its ballot envelope,
35 shall be sealed with the application and any other papers connected therewith in an envelope marked
36 “Rejected ballot of ____, a mail-in voter of ____ voting district”. The reason for rejection shall
37 be noted on the envelope, which shall be kept by the election authority with the other ballots from
38 the election until the ballots are destroyed according to law.
39
40 19. As each mail-in ballot is received by the election authority, the election authority shall
41 indicate its receipt on the list.
42
43 20. If the statements on any mail-in ballot envelope have not been completed, the mail-in
44 ballot in the envelope shall be rejected.
45
46 21. All mail-in ballot envelopes received by the election authority shall be kept together in a
47 safe place and shall not be opened except as provided under this chapter.
48
49 22. Mail-in ballots shall be counted using the procedures set out in sections 115.297,
50 115.299, 115.300, and 115.303.
51
52 23. The false execution of a mail-in ballot application shall be a class one election offense.
53 The attorney general or any prosecuting or circuit attorney shall have the authority to prosecute such
54 offense either in the county of residence of the person or in the circuit court of Cole County.
55
56 24. If any provision of this section is found by a court of competent jurisdiction to be
57 unconstitutional or unconstitutionally enacted, the remaining provisions of this section shall be and
58 remain valid.
25. This section is enacted notwithstanding any other provision of law including, but not limited to, sections 115.650 to 115.660.

26. The provisions of this section shall apply only to an election that occurs during the year 2020 to avoid the risk of contracting or transmitting severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2.

27. The provisions of this section terminate and shall be repealed on December 31, 2020, and shall not apply to any election conducted after that date.

115.306. 1. No person shall qualify as a candidate for elective public office in the state of Missouri who has been found guilty of or pled guilty to a felony under the federal laws of the United States of America or to a felony under the laws of this state or an offense committed in another state that would be considered a felony in this state.

2. (1) Any person who files as a candidate for election to a public office shall be disqualified from participation in the election for which the candidate has filed if such person is delinquent in the payment of any state income taxes, personal property taxes, municipal taxes, real property taxes on the place of residence, as stated on the declaration of candidacy, or if the person is a past or present corporate officer of any fee office that owes any taxes to the state.

(2) Each potential candidate for election to a public office, except candidates for a county or city committee of a political party, shall file an affidavit with the department of revenue and include a copy of the affidavit with the declaration of candidacy required under section 115.349. Such affidavit shall be in substantially the following form:

AFFIRMATION OF TAX PAYMENTS AND BONDING REQUIREMENTS:
I hereby declare under penalties of perjury that I am not currently aware of any delinquency in the filing or payment of any state income taxes, personal property taxes, municipal taxes, real property taxes on the place of residence, as stated on the declaration of candidacy, or that I am a past or present corporate officer of any fee office that owes any taxes to the state, other than those taxes which may be in dispute. I declare under penalties of perjury that I am not aware of any information that would prohibit me from fulfilling any bonding requirements for the office for which I am filing.

_________________________  Candidate's Signature
_________________________  Printed Name of Candidate

(3) Upon receipt of a complaint alleging a delinquency of the candidate in the filing or payment of any state income taxes, personal property taxes, municipal taxes, real property taxes on the place of residence, as stated on the declaration of candidacy, or if the person is a past or present corporate officer of any fee office that owes any taxes to the state, the department of revenue shall investigate such potential candidate to verify the claim contained in the complaint. If the department of revenue finds a positive affirmation to be false, the department shall contact the secretary of state, or the election official who accepted such candidate’s declaration of candidacy, and the potential candidate. The department shall notify the candidate of the outstanding tax owed and give the candidate thirty days to remit any such outstanding taxes owed which are not the subject of dispute between the department and the candidate. If the candidate fails to remit such amounts in full within thirty days, the candidate shall be disqualified from participating in the current election and barred from refiling for an entire election cycle even if the individual pays all of the outstanding taxes that were the subject of the complaint.

(4) Any person who files as a candidate for election to a public office that performs county functions in a city not within a county shall provide appropriate copies of paid tax receipts or no tax due statements for each tax listed in subdivision (1) of this subsection that indicates the person has paid all taxes due and is not delinquent in any tax. If available, the election authority shall utilize online databases to verify the candidate's taxes instead of the paper copies provided by the
candidate. The election authority shall review such documentation and the affirmation of tax payments required under subdivision (2) of this subsection. The election authority may file a complaint with the department of revenue if there appears to be any delinquency. In addition to the above review, the election authority shall verify there is no ethics complaint filed under section 105.472 with the Missouri ethics commission for this person. If such a complaint has been filed against such a person, the election authority shall not allow the person's name to be placed on a ballot until the ethics complaint has been resolved. This subdivision shall only apply to a city not within a county's offices that perform county functions.

115.357. 1. Except as provided in subsections 3 and 4 of this section, each candidate for federal, state or county office shall, before filing his or her declaration of candidacy, pay to the treasurer of the state or county committee of the political party upon whose ticket he or she seeks nomination a certain sum of money as follows:

(1) To the treasurer of the state central committee, [two] five hundred dollars if he or she is a candidate for statewide office or for United States senator, [one] three hundred dollars if he or she is a candidate for representative in Congress, circuit judge or state senator, and one hundred fifty dollars if he or she is a candidate for state representative;

(2) To the treasurer of the county central committee, [fifty] one hundred dollars if he or she is a candidate for county office.

2. The required sum may be submitted by the candidate to the official accepting his or her declaration of candidacy, except that a candidate required to file his or her declaration of candidacy with the secretary of state shall pay the required sum directly to the treasurer of the appropriate party committee. All sums [so] submitted to the official accepting the candidate's declaration of candidacy shall be forwarded promptly by the official to the treasurer of the appropriate party committee.

3. Any person who cannot pay the fee required to file as a candidate may have the fee waived by filing a declaration of inability to pay and a petition with his declaration of candidacy. Each such declaration shall be in substantially the following form:

DECLARATION OF INABILITY TO PAY FILING FEE

I, ______, do hereby swear that I am financially unable to pay the fee of ______ (amount of fee) to file as a candidate for nomination to the office of ______ at the primary election to be held on the ______ day of ______, 20_____.

____________________
Signature of candidate

Subscribed and sworn to before me this
day of ______, 20_____.

____________________
Residence address

Signature of election official or officer authorized to administer oaths

If the candidate's declaration of candidacy is to be filed in person, the declaration of inability to pay shall be subscribed and sworn to by the candidate before the election official who witnesses the candidate's declaration of candidacy. If his declaration of candidacy is to be filed by certified mail pursuant to subsection 2 of section 115.355, the declaration of inability to pay shall be subscribed
and sworn to by the candidate before the notary or other officer who witnesses the candidate's
declaration of candidacy. With his declaration of inability to pay, the candidate shall submit a
petition endorsing his candidacy. Except for the number of signatures required, each such petition
shall, insofar as practicable, be in the form provided in sections 115.321 and 115.325. If the person
filing declaration of indigence is to be a candidate for statewide office, his petition shall be signed
by the number of registered voters in the state equal to at least one-half of one percent of the total
number of votes cast in the state for the office at the last election in which a candidate ran for the
office. If the person filing a declaration of indigence is to be a candidate for any other office, the
petition shall be signed by the number of registered voters in the district or political subdivision
which is equal to at least one percent of the total number of votes cast for the office at the last
election in which a candidate ran for the office. The candidate's declaration of inability to pay and
the petition shall be filed at the same time and in the same manner as his declaration of candidacy is
filed. The petition shall be checked and its sufficiency determined in the same manner as new party
and independent candidate petitions.

4. No filing fee shall be required of any person who proposes to be an independent
candidate, the candidate of a new party or a candidate for presidential elector.

5. Except as provided in subsections 3 and 4 of this section, no candidate's name shall be
printed on any official ballot until the required fee has been paid.

115.427. 1. Persons seeking to vote in a public election shall establish their identity and
eligibility to vote at the polling place, or, if voting absentee in person under section 115.257, at the
office of the election authority, by presenting a form of personal identification to election officials.
No form of personal identification other than the forms listed in this section shall be accepted to
establish a voter's qualifications to vote. Forms of personal identification that satisfy the
requirements of this section are any one of the following:

(a) The document contains the name of the individual to whom the document was issued,
and the name substantially conforms to the most recent signature in the individual's voter
registration record;

(b) The document shows a photograph of the individual;

(c) The document includes an expiration date, and the document is not expired, or, if
expired, the document expired after the date of the most recent general election; and

(d) The document was issued by the United States or the state of Missouri; or

(4) Any identification containing a photograph of the individual which is issued by the
Missouri National Guard, the United States Armed Forces, or the United States Department of
Veteran Affairs to a member or former member of the Missouri National Guard or the United States
Armed Forces and that is not expired or does not have an expiration date.

2. (1) An individual who appears at a polling place without a form of personal identification
described in subsection 1 of this section and who is otherwise qualified to vote at that polling place
may execute a statement, under penalty of perjury, avowing that the individual is the person listed
in the precinct register, avowing that the individual does not possess a form of personal
identification described in subsection 1 of this section, acknowledging that the individual is eligible
to receive a Missouri nondriver's license free of charge if desiring it in order to vote; and
acknowledging that the individual is required to present a form of personal identification, as
described in subsection 1 of this section, in order to vote. Such statement shall be executed and
sworn to before the election official receiving the statement. Upon executing such statement, the
individual may cast a regular ballot, provided such individual presents one of the following forms of
identification:
(a) Identification issued by the state of Missouri, an agency of the state, or a local election
authority of the state;
(b) Identification issued by the United States government or agency thereof;
(c) Identification issued by an institution of higher education, including a university, college,
vocational and technical school, located within the state of Missouri;
(d) A copy of a current utility bill, bank statement, government check, paycheck, or other
government document that contains the name and address of the individual;
(e) Other identification approved by the secretary of state under rules promulgated pursuant
to this section.
(2) For any individual who appears at a polling place without a form of personal
identification described in subsection 1 of this section and who is otherwise qualified to vote at that
polling place, the election authority may take a picture of such individual and keep it as part of that
individual's voter registration file at the election authority.
(3) Any individual who chooses not to execute the statement described in subdivision (1) of
this subsection may cast a provisional ballot. Such provisional ballot shall be counted, provided that
it meets the requirements of subsection 4 of this section.
(4) For the purposes of this section, the term "election official" shall include any person
working under the authority of the election authority.
3. The statement to be used for voting under subdivision (1) of subsection 2 of this section
shall be substantially in the following form:

"State of ______
County of ______
I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that my name is ______; that I reside at ______; that
I am the person listed in the precinct register under this name and at this address; and
that, under penalty of perjury, I do not possess a form of personal identification
approved for voting. As a person who does not possess a form of personal
identification approved for voting, I acknowledge that I am eligible to receive free of
charge a Missouri nondriver's license at any fee office if desiring it in order to vote. I
furthermore acknowledge that I am required to present a form of personal
identification, as prescribed by law, in order to vote.
I understand that knowingly providing false information is a violation of law and
subjects me to possible criminal prosecution.

Signature of voter
Subscribed and affirmed before me this ______ day of ______, 20____

________________________
Signature of election official"

4. A voter shall be allowed to cast a provisional ballot [under section 115.430 even if the
election judges cannot establish the voter's identity under this section]. The election judges shall
make a notation on the provisional ballot envelope to indicate that the voter's identity was not
verified.

(2) No person shall be entitled to receive a provisional ballot until such person has
completed a provisional ballot affidavit on the provisional ballot envelope. All provisional ballots
shall be marked with a conspicuous stamp or mark that makes them distinguishable from other
ballots.

(3) The provisional ballot envelope shall be completed by the voter for use in determining
the voter's eligibility to cast a ballot.

3. The provisional ballot envelope shall provide a place for the voter's name, address, date
of birth, and last four digits of his or her Social Security number, followed by a certificate in
substantially the following form:

I do solemnly swear that I am the person identified above and the information
provided is correct. I understand that my vote will not be counted unless:
(1) I return to this polling place today between 6:00 a.m. and 7:00 p.m. and provide
one of the following forms of identification:
(a) Nonexpired Missouri driver's license;
(b) Nonexpired or nonexpiring Missouri nondriver's license;
(c) A document that satisfies all of the following requirements:
(i) The document contains my name, in substantially the same form as the most
recent signature on my voter registration record;
(ii) The document contains my photograph;
(iii) The document contains an expiration date and the document is not expired, or if
expired, the document expired after the date of the most recent general election; and
(iv) The document was issued by the United States or the state of Missouri; or
(d) Identification containing my photograph issued to me by the Missouri National
Guard, the United States ArmedForces, or the United States Department of Veteran
Affairs as a member or former member of the Missouri National Guard or the United
States Armed Forces and that is not expired or does not have an expiration date; or
(2) The election authority verifies my identity by comparing my signature on this
envelope to the signature on file with the election authority and determines that I was
eligible to cast a ballot at this polling place; and
(3) This provisional ballot otherwise qualifies to be counted under the laws of the
state of Missouri.

____________________    ______________________
Signature of Voter        Date

____________________    ______________________
Signatures of Election Officials

Once voted, the provisional ballot shall be sealed in the provisional ballot envelope and deposited in
the ballot box.

4. The provisional ballot cast by such voter shall not be counted unless:
(1) (a) The voter returns to the polling place during the uniform polling hours established
by section 115.407 and provides a form of personal identification that allows the election judges to
verify the voter's identity as provided in subsection 1 of this section; or
(b) The election authority verifies the identity of the individual by comparing that
individual's signature to the signature on file with the election authority and determines that the
individual was eligible to cast a ballot at the polling place where the ballot was cast; and
(2) The provisional ballot otherwise qualifies to be counted under section 115.430.

5. [The secretary of state shall provide advance notice of the personal identification
requirements of subsection 1 of this section in a manner calculated to inform the public generally of
the requirement for forms of personal identification as provided in this section. Such advance notice
shall include, at a minimum, the use of advertisements and public service announcements in print,
broadcast television, radio, and cable television media, as well as the posting of information on the
opening pages of the official state internet websites of the secretary of state and governor.

6. (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 136.055 and section 302.181 to the
contrary, the state and all fee offices shall provide one nondriver's license at no cost to any otherwise
qualified voter who does not already possess such identification and who desires the identification
[in order to vote] for voting.

(2) This state and its agencies shall provide one copy of each of the following, free of
charge, if needed by an individual seeking to obtain a form of personal identification described in
subsection 1 of this section [in order to vote] for voting:
(a) A birth certificate;
(b) A marriage license or certificate;
(c) A divorce decree;
(d) A certificate of decree of adoption;
(e) A court order changing the person's name;
(f) A Social Security card reflecting an updated name; and
(g) Naturalization papers or other documents from the United States Department of State
proving citizenship.

Any individual seeking one of the above documents in order to obtain a form of personal
identification described in subsection 1 of this section [in order to vote] for voting may request the
secretary of state to facilitate the acquisition of such documents. The secretary of state shall pay any
fee or fees charged by another state or its agencies, or any court of competent jurisdiction in this
state or any other state, or the federal government or its agencies, in order to obtain any of the above
documents from such state or the federal government.

(3) [All costs associated with the implementation of this section shall be reimbursed from the
general revenue of this state by an appropriation for that purpose. If there is not a sufficient
appropriation of state funds, then the personal identification requirements of subsection 1 of this
section shall not be enforced.
(4)] Any applicant who requests a nondriver's license for [the purpose of] voting shall not be
required to pay a fee [if the applicant executes a statement, under penalty of perjury, averring that
the applicant does not have any other form of personal identification that meets the requirements of
this section]. The state of Missouri shall pay the legally required fees for any such applicant. [The
director of the department of revenue shall design a statement to be used for this purpose. The total
cost associated with nondriver's license photo identification under this subsection shall be borne by
the state of Missouri from funds appropriated to the department of revenue for that specific
purpose.] The department of revenue and a local election authority may enter into a contract that
allows the local election authority to assist the department in issuing nondriver's license photo
identifications.

[7.] 6. The director of the department of revenue shall, by January first of each year, prepare
and deliver to each member of the general assembly a report documenting the number of individuals
who have requested and received a nondriver's license photo identification for the purposes of
voting under this section. The report shall also include the number of persons requesting a
nondriver's license for purposes of voting under this section, but not receiving such license, and the
reason for the denial of the nondriver's license.

[8.] 7. The precinct register shall serve as the voter identification certificate. The following
form shall be printed at the top of each page of the precinct register:

VOTER'S IDENTIFICATION CERTIFICATE

Warning: It is against the law for anyone to vote, or attempt to vote, without having a lawful
right to vote.

PRECINCT
WARD OR TOWNSHIP ________
GENERAL (SPECIAL, PRIMARY) ELECTION Held ______, 20______ Date
I hereby certify that I am qualified to vote at this election by signing my name and verifying
my address by signing my initials next to my address.

[9-] 8. The secretary of state shall promulgate rules to effectuate the provisions of this
section.

[44-] 9. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is
created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with
and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section
and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly
pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date or to disapprove and annul a rule are
subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or
adopted after August 28, 2002, shall be invalid and void.

[44-] 10. If any voter is unable to sign his name at the appropriate place on the certificate or
computer printout, an election judge shall print the name and address of the voter in the appropriate
place on the precinct register, the voter shall make his mark in lieu of signature, and the voter's mark
shall be witnessed by the signature of an election judge.

[44-] 11. This section shall become effective only upon the passage and approval by the
voters of a constitutional amendment submitted to them by the general assembly regarding the
authorization of photo identification requirements for elections by general law. If such
constitutional amendment is approved by the voters, this section shall become effective June 1, 2017.

115.621. 1. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section to the contrary, any
legislative, senatorial, or judicial district committee that is wholly contained within a county or a
city not within a county may choose to meet on the same day as the respective county or city
committee. All other committees shall meet as otherwise prescribed in this section.

2. The members of each county committee shall meet at the county seat not earlier than two
weeks after each primary election but in no event later than the third Saturday after each primary
election, at the discretion of the chairman at the committee. In each city not within a county, the
county committee shall meet on the same day at the city hall. In all counties of the first, second, and
third classification, the county courthouse shall be made available for such meetings and any other
county political party meeting at no charge to the party committees. In all cities not within a county,
the city hall shall be made available for such meetings and any other city political party meeting at
no charge to the party committees. At the meeting, each committee shall organize by electing two
of its members, a man and a woman, as chair and vice chair, and a man and a woman who may or
may not be members of the committee as secretary and treasurer.

3. The members of each congressional district committee shall meet at some place and time
within the district, to be designated by the current chair of the committee, not earlier than five weeks
after each primary election but in no event later than the sixth Saturday after each primary election.
The county courthouse in counties of the first, second and third classification in which the meeting
is to take place, as designated by the chair, shall be made available for such meeting and any other
congressional district political party committee meeting at no charge to the committee. At the meeting,
the committee shall organize by electing one of its members as chair and one of its
members as vice chair, one of whom shall be a woman and one of whom shall be a man, and a
secretary and a treasurer, one of whom shall be a woman and one of whom shall be a man, who may
or may not be members of the committee.

4. The members of each legislative district committee shall meet at some place and date
within the legislative district or within one of the counties in which the legislative district exists, to
be designated by the current chair of the committee, not earlier than three weeks after each primary
election but in no event later than the fourth Saturday after each primary election. The county
courthouse in counties of the first, second and third classification in which the meeting is to take
place, as designated by the chair, shall be made available for such meeting and any other legislative  
district political party committee meeting at no charge to the committee. At the meeting, the  
committee shall organize by electing two of its members, a man and a woman, as chair and vice  
chair, and a man and a woman who may or may not be members of the committee as secretary and  
treasurer.

5. The members of each senatorial district committee shall meet at some place and date  
within the district, to be designated by the current chair of the committee, if there is one, and if not,  
by the chair of the congressional district in which the senatorial district is principally located, not  
earlier than four weeks after each primary election but in no event later than the fifth Saturday after  
each primary election. The county courthouse in counties of the first, second and third classification  
in which the meeting is to take place, as so designated pursuant to this subsection, shall be made  
available for such meeting and any other senatorial district political party committee meeting at no  
charge to the committee. At the meeting, the committee shall organize by electing one of its  
members as chair and one of its members as vice chair, one of whom shall be a woman and one of  
whom shall be a man, and a secretary and a treasurer, one of whom shall be a woman and one of  
whom shall be a man, who may or may not be members of the committee.

6. The members of each senatorial district shall also meet at some place within the district,  
to be designated by the current chair of the committee, if there is one, and if not, by the chair of the  
congressional district in which the senatorial district is principally located, on the Saturday after  
each general election or concurrently with the election of senatorial officers, if designated or not  
objected to by the chair of the congressional district where the senatorial district is principally  
located. At the meeting, the committee shall proceed to elect two registered voters of the district,  
one man and one woman, as members of the party's state committee.

7. The members of each judicial district may meet at some place and date within the judicial  
district or within one of the counties in which the judicial district exists, to be designated by the  
current chair of the committee or the chair of the congressional district committee, not earlier than  
six weeks after each primary election but in no event later than the seventh Saturday after each  
primary election. The county courthouse in counties of the first, second and third classification in  
which the meeting is to take place, as so designated pursuant to this subsection, shall be made  
available for such meeting and any other judicial district political party committee meeting at no  
charge to the committee. At the meeting, the committee shall organize by electing two of its  
members, a man and a woman, as chair and vice chair, and a man and a woman who may or may not  
be members of the committee as secretary and treasurer.

115.631. The following offenses, and any others specifically so described by law, shall be  
class one election offenses and are deemed felonies connected with the exercise of the right of  
suffrage. Conviction for any of these offenses shall be punished by imprisonment of not more than  
five years or by fine of not less than two thousand five hundred dollars but not more than ten  
thousand dollars or by both such imprisonment and fine:

1. Willfully and falsely making any certificate, affidavit, or statement required to be made  
pursuant to any provision of this chapter, including but not limited to statements specifically  
required to be made "under penalty of perjury"; or in any other manner knowingly furnishing false  
information to an election authority or election official engaged in any lawful duty or action in such  
a way as to hinder or mislead the authority or official in the performance of official duties. If an  
individual willfully and falsely makes any certificate, affidavit, or statement required to be made  
under section 115.155, including but not limited to statements specifically required to be made  
"under penalty of perjury", such individual shall be guilty of a class D felony;

2. Voting more than once or voting at any election knowing that the person is not entitled to  
vote or that the person has already voted on the same day at another location inside or outside the  
state of Missouri;
(3) Procuring any person to vote knowing the person is not lawfully entitled to vote or knowingly procuring an illegal vote to be cast at any election;

(4) Applying for a ballot in the name of any other person, whether the name be that of a person living or dead or of a fictitious person, or applying for a ballot in his or her own or any other name after having once voted at the election inside or outside the state of Missouri;

(5) Aiding, abetting or advising another person to vote knowing the person is not legally entitled to vote or knowingly aiding, abetting or advising another person to cast an illegal vote;

(6) An election judge knowingly causing or permitting any ballot to be in the ballot box at the opening of the polls and before the voting commences;

(7) Knowingly furnishing any voter with a false or fraudulent or bogus ballot, or knowingly practicing any fraud upon a voter to induce him or her to cast a vote which will be rejected, or otherwise defrauding him or her of his or her vote;

(8) An election judge knowingly placing or attempting to place or permitting any ballot, or paper having the semblance of a ballot, to be placed in a ballot box at any election unless the ballot is offered by a qualified voter as provided by law;

(9) Knowingly placing or attempting to place or causing to be placed any false or fraudulent or bogus ballot in a ballot box at any election;

(10) Knowingly removing any legal ballot from a ballot box for the purpose of changing the true and lawful count of any election or in any other manner knowingly changing the true and lawful count of any election;

(11) Knowingly altering, defacing, damaging, destroying or concealing any ballot after it has been voted for the purpose of changing the lawful count of any election;

(12) Knowingly altering, defacing, damaging, destroying or concealing any poll list, report, affidavit, return or certificate for the purpose of changing the lawful count of any election;

(13) On the part of any person authorized to receive, tally or count a poll list, tally sheet or election return, receiving, tallying or counting a poll list, tally sheet or election return the person knows is fraudulent, forged or counterfeit, or knowingly making an incorrect account of any election;

(14) On the part of any person whose duty it is to grant certificates of election, or in any manner declare the result of an election, granting a certificate to a person the person knows is not entitled to receive the certificate, or declaring any election result the person knows is based upon fraudulent, fictitious or illegal votes or returns;

(15) Willfully destroying or damaging any official ballots, whether marked or unmarked, after the ballots have been prepared for use at an election and during the time they are required by law to be preserved in the custody of the election judges or the election authority;

(16) Willfully tampering with, disarranging, altering the information on, defacing, impairing or destroying any voting machine or marking device after the machine or marking device has been prepared for use at an election and during the time it is required by law to remain locked and sealed with intent to impair the functioning of the machine or marking device at an election, mislead any voter at the election, or to destroy or change the count or record of votes on such machine;

(17) Registering to vote knowing the person is not legally entitled to register or registering in the name of another person, whether the name be that of a person living or dead or of a fictitious person;

(18) Procuring any other person to register knowing the person is not legally entitled to register, or aiding, abetting or advising another person to register knowing the person is not legally entitled to register;

(19) Knowingly preparing, altering or substituting any computer program or other counting equipment to give an untrue or unlawful result of an election;

(20) On the part of any person assisting a blind or disabled person to vote, knowingly failing
to cast such person's vote as such person directs;

(21) On the part of any registration or election official, permitting any person to register to vote or to vote when such official knows the person is not legally entitled to register or not legally entitled to vote;

(22) On the part of a notary public acting in his or her official capacity, knowingly violating any of the provisions of this chapter or any provision of law pertaining to elections;

(23) Violation of any of the provisions of sections 115.275 to 115.303, or of any provision of law pertaining to absentee voting;

(24) Assisting a person to vote knowing such person is not legally entitled to such assistance, or while assisting a person to vote who is legally entitled to such assistance, in any manner coercing, requesting or suggesting that the voter vote for or against, or refrain from voting on any question, ticket or candidate;

(25) Engaging in any act of violence, destruction of property having a value of five hundred dollars or more, or threatening an act of violence with the intent of denying a person's lawful right to vote or to participate in the election process; [and]

(26) Knowingly providing false information about election procedures for the purpose of preventing any person from going to the polls; and

(27) Coercing, intimidating, or pressuring a voter to vote in a certain manner and attempting to verify the result of such acts by obtaining photographic evidence of such voter's ballot.

115.637. The following offenses, and any others specifically so described by law, shall be class four election offenses and are deemed misdemeanors not connected with the exercise of the right of suffrage. Conviction for any of these offenses shall be punished by imprisonment of not more than one year or by a fine of not more than two thousand five hundred dollars or by both such imprisonment and fine:

(1) Stealing or willfully concealing, defacing, mutilating, or destroying any sample ballots that may be furnished by an organization or individual at or near any voting place on election day, except that this subdivision shall not be construed so as to interfere with the right of an individual voter to erase or cause to be erased on a sample ballot the name of any candidate and substituting the name of the person for whom he or she intends to vote; or to dispose of the received sample ballot;

(2) Printing, circulating, or causing to be printed or circulated, any false and fraudulent sample ballots which appear on their face to be designed as a fraud upon voters;

(3) Purposefully giving a printed or written sample ballot to any qualified voter which is intended to mislead the voter;

(4) On the part of any candidate for election to any office of honor, trust, or profit, offering or promising to discharge the duties of such office for a less sum than the salary, fees, or emoluments as fixed by law or promising to pay back or donate to any public or private interest any portion of such salary, fees, or emolument as an inducement to voters;

(5) On the part of any canvasser appointed to canvass any registration list, willfully failing to appear, refusing to continue, or abandoning such canvass or willfully neglecting to perform his or her duties in making such canvass or willfully neglecting any duties lawfully assigned to him or her;

(6) On the part of any employer, making, enforcing, or attempting to enforce any order, rule, or regulation or adopting any other device or method to prevent an employee from engaging in political activities, accepting candidacy for nomination to, election to, or the holding of, political office, holding a position as a member of a political committee, soliciting or receiving funds for political purpose, acting as chairman or participating in a political convention, assuming the conduct of any political campaign, signing, or subscribing his or her name to any initiative, referendum, or recall petition, or any other petition circulated pursuant to law;

(7) On the part of any person authorized or employed to print official ballots, or any person
employed in printing ballots, giving, delivering, or knowingly permitting to be taken any ballot to or
by any person other than the official under whose direction the ballots are being printed, any ballot
in any form other than that prescribed by law, or with unauthorized names, with names misspelled,
or with the names of candidates arranged in any way other than that authorized by law;
(8) On the part of any election authority or official charged by law with the duty of
distributing the printed ballots, or any person acting on his or her behalf, knowingly distributing or
causing to be distributed any ballot in any manner other than that prescribed by law;
(9) Any person having in his or her possession any official ballot, except in the performance
of his or her duty as an election authority or official, or in the act of exercising his or her individual
voting privilege;
(10) Willfully mutilating, defacing, or altering any ballot before it is delivered to a voter;
(11) On the part of any election judge, being willfully absent from the polls on election day
without good cause or willfully detaining any election material or equipment and not causing it to be
produced at the voting place at the opening of the polls or within fifteen minutes thereafter;
(12) On the part of any election authority or official, willfully neglecting, refusing, or
omitting to perform any duty required of him or her by law with respect to holding and conducting
an election, receiving and counting out the ballots, or making proper returns;
(13) On the part of any election judge, or party watcher or challenger, furnishing any
information tending in any way to show the state of the count to any other person prior to the
closing of the polls;
(14) On the part of any voter, except as otherwise provided by law, [allowing his or her
ballot to be seen by any person with the intent of letting it be known how he or she is about to vote
or has voted, or] knowingly making a false statement as to his or her inability to mark a ballot;
(15) On the part of any election judge, disclosing to any person the name of any candidate
for whom a voter has voted;
(16) Interfering, or attempting to interfere, with any voter inside a polling place;
(17) On the part of any person at any registration site, polling place, counting location or
verification location, causing any breach of the peace or engaging in disorderly conduct, violence, or
threats of violence whereby such registration, election, count or verification is impeded or interfered
with;
(18) Exit polling, surveying, sampling, electioneering, distributing election literature,
posting signs or placing vehicles bearing signs with respect to any candidate or question to be voted
on at an election on election day inside the building in which a polling place is located or within
twenty-five feet of the building's outer door closest to the polling place, or, on the part of any
person, refusing to remove or permit removal from property owned or controlled by such person,
any such election sign or literature located within such distance on such day after request for
removal by any person;
(19) Stealing or willfully defacing, mutilating, or destroying any campaign yard sign on
private property, except that this subdivision shall not be construed to interfere with the right of any
private property owner to take any action with regard to campaign yard signs on the owner's
property and this subdivision shall not be construed to interfere with the right of any candidate, or
the candidate's designee, to remove the candidate's campaign yard sign from the owner's private
property after the election day.

115.642. 1. Any person may file a complaint with the secretary of state stating the name of
any person who has violated any of the provisions of sections 115.629 to 115.646 and stating the
facts of the alleged offense, sworn to, under penalty of perjury.
2. Within thirty days of receiving a complaint, the secretary of state shall notify the person
filing the complaint whether or not the secretary has dismissed the complaint or will commence an
investigation. The secretary of state shall dismiss frivolous complaints. For purposes of this
subsection, "frivolous complaint" shall mean an allegation clearly lacking any basis in fact or law. Any person who makes a frivolous complaint pursuant to this section shall be liable for actual and compensatory damages to the alleged violator for holding the alleged violator before the public in a false light. If reasonable grounds appear that the alleged offense was committed, the secretary of state may issue a probable cause statement. If the secretary of state issues a probable cause statement, he or she may refer the offense to the appropriate prosecuting attorney.

3. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 27.060, 56.060, or 56.430 to the contrary, when requested by the prosecuting attorney or circuit attorney, the secretary of state or his or her authorized representatives may aid any prosecuting attorney or circuit attorney in the commencement and prosecution of election offenses as provided in sections 115.629 to 115.646.

4. (1) The secretary of state may investigate any suspected violation of any of the provisions of sections 115.629 to 115.646.

(2)(a) The secretary of state or an authorized representative of the secretary of state shall have the power to require the production of books, papers, correspondence, memoranda, contracts, agreements, and other records by subpoena or otherwise when necessary to conduct an investigation under this section. Such powers shall be exercised only at the specific written direction of the secretary of state or his or her chief deputy;

(b) If any person refuses to comply with a subpoena issued under this subsection, the secretary of state may seek to enforce the subpoena before a court of competent jurisdiction to require the production of books, papers, correspondence, memoranda, contracts, agreements, and other records. The court may issue an order requiring the person to produce records relating to the matter under investigation or in question. Any person who fails to comply with the order may be held in contempt of court;

(c) The provisions of this subdivision shall expire on August 28, 2025.

115.761. 1. The official list of presidential candidates for each established political party shall include the names of all constitutionally qualified candidates for whom, on or after 8:00 a.m. on the fifteenth Tuesday prior to the presidential primary, and on or before 5:00 p.m., on the eleventh Tuesday prior to the presidential primary, a written request to be included on the presidential primary ballot is filed with the secretary of state along with:

(1) Receipt of payment to the state committee of the established political party on whose ballot the candidate wishes to appear of a filing fee of one thousand dollars; or

(2) A written statement, sworn to before an officer authorized by law to administer oaths, that the candidate is unable to pay the filing fee and does not have funds in a campaign fund or committee to pay the filing fee and a petition signed by not less than five thousand registered Missouri voters, as determined by the secretary of state, that the candidate's name be placed on the ballot of the specified established political party for the presidential preference primary. The request to be included on the presidential primary ballot shall include each signer's printed name, registered address and signature and shall be in substantially the following form:

I (We) the undersigned, do hereby request that the name of _____ be placed upon the February ______, _______, presidential primary ballot as candidate for nomination as the nominee for President of the United States on the _____ party ticket.

2. The state or national party organization of an established political party that adopts rules imposing signature requirements to be met before a candidate can be listed as an official candidate shall notify the secretary of state by October first of the year preceding the presidential primary.

3. Any candidate or such candidate's authorized representative may have such candidate's name stricken from the presidential primary ballot by filing with the secretary of state on or before 5:00 p.m. on the eleventh Tuesday prior to the presidential primary election a written statement, sworn to before an officer authorized by law to administer oaths, requesting that such candidate's
name not be printed on the official primary ballot. Thereafter, the secretary of state shall not include
the name of that candidate in the official list announced pursuant to section 115.758 or in the
certified list of candidates transmitted pursuant to section 115.765.

4. The filing times set out in this section shall only apply to presidential preference
primaries, and are in lieu of those established in section 115.349.

116.030. The following shall be substantially the form of each page of referendum petitions
on any law passed by the general assembly of the state of Missouri:

County ______
Page No. ______

It is a class A misdemeanor punishable, notwithstanding the provisions of section
[560.021] 558.002, RSMo, to the contrary, for a term of imprisonment not to exceed
one year in the county jail or a fine not to exceed ten thousand dollars or both, for
anyone to sign any referendum petition with any name other than his or her own, or
knowingly to sign his or her name more than once for the same measure for the same
election, or to sign a petition when such person knows he or she is not a registered
voter.

PETITION FOR REFERENDUM
To the Honorable ______, Secretary of State for the state of Missouri:
We, the undersigned, registered voters of the state of Missouri and ______ County
(or City of St. Louis), respectfully order that the Senate (or House) Bill No. ______
entitled (title of law), passed by the ______ general assembly of the state of Missouri,
at the ______ regular (or special) session of the ______ general assembly, shall be
referred to the voters of the state of Missouri, for their approval or rejection, at the
general election to be held on the ______ day of ______, ______, unless the general
assembly shall designate another date, and each for himself or herself says: I have
personally signed this petition; I am a registered voter of the state of Missouri and
______ County (or City of St. Louis); my registered voting address and the name of
the city, town or village in which I live are correctly written after my name.

(Official Ballot title) ______

CIRCULATOR'S AFFIDAVIT

State Of Missouri,
County Of ______
I, ______, being first duly sworn, say (print or type names of signers)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NAME</th>
<th>DATE</th>
<th>REGISTERED</th>
<th>ZIP</th>
<th>CONG.</th>
<th>NAME</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SIGNED</td>
<td>VOTING</td>
<td>CODE DIST.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

ADDRESS

(Street) (Printed

(Signature) (City, or Typed)

Town or

Village)

(Here follow numbered lines for signers)
signed this page of the foregoing petition, and each of them signed his or her name thereto in my presence; I believe that each has stated his or her name, registered voting address and city, town or village correctly, and that each signer is a registered voter of the state of Missouri and _____ County. FURTHERMORE, I HEREBY SWEAR OR AFFIRM UNDER PENALTY OF PERJURY THAT ALL STATEMENTS MADE BY ME ARE TRUE AND CORRECT AND THAT I HAVE NEVER BEEN CONVICTED OF, FOUND GUILTY OF, OR PLED GUILTY TO ANY OFFENSE INVOLVING FORGERY.

I am at least 18 years of age. I do _____ do not _____ (check one) expect to be paid for circulating this petition. If paid, list the payer ________

Signature of Affiant
(Person obtaining signatures)

__________________
(Printed Name of Affiant)

__________________
Address of Affiant

Subscribed and sworn to before me this _____ day of _____, A.D. ______

__________________
Signature of Notary

__________________
Address of Notary

Notary Public (Seal)

My commission expires ________

If this form is followed substantially and the requirements of [section] sections 116.045, 116.050, and [section] 116.080 are met, it shall be sufficient, disregarding clerical and merely technical errors.

116.040. The following shall be substantially the form of each page of each petition for any law or amendment to the Constitution of the state of Missouri proposed by the initiative:

Page No. ________

It is a class A misdemeanor punishable, notwithstanding the provisions of section [§60.021] 558.021, RSMo, to the contrary, for a term of imprisonment not to exceed one year in the county jail or a fine not to exceed ten thousand dollars or both, for anyone to sign any initiative petition with any name other than his or her own, or knowingly to sign his or her name more than once for the same measure for the same election, or to sign a petition when such person knows he or she is not a registered voter.

INITIATIVE PETITION

To the Honorable _____, Secretary of State for the state of Missouri:

We, the undersigned, registered voters of the state of Missouri and _____ County (or City of St. Louis), respectfully order that the following proposed law (or amendment to the constitution) shall be submitted to the voters of the state of Missouri, for their approval or rejection, at the general election to be held on the ______ day of _______, _____, and each for himself or herself says: I have personally signed this petition; I am a registered voter of the state of Missouri and _____ County (or City of St. Louis); my registered voting address and the name of the city, town or village in which I live are correctly written after my name.

(Official Ballot title) ________
CIRCULATOR'S AFFIDAVIT

State Of Missouri,  
County Of ____

I, ____, being first duly sworn, say (print or type names of signers)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NAME</th>
<th>DATE</th>
<th>REGISTERED</th>
<th>ZIP</th>
<th>CONG.</th>
<th>NAME</th>
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<td>SIGNED</td>
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<td>CODE DIST.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

ADDRESS

(Street) (Printed or Typed)

(Signature) (City, Town or Village)

(Here follow numbered lines for signers)

signed this page of the foregoing petition, and each of them signed his or her name thereto in my presence; I believe that each has stated his or her name, registered voting address and city, town or village correctly, and that each signer is a registered voter of the state of Missouri and ____ County.  
FURTHERMORE, I HEREBY SWEAR OR AFFIRM UNDER PENALTY OF PERJURY THAT ALL STATEMENTS MADE BY ME ARE TRUE AND CORRECT AND THAT I HAVE NEVER BEEN CONVICTED OF, FOUND GUILTY OF, OR PLED GUILTY TO ANY OFFENSE INVOLVING FORGERY.  
I am at least 18 years of age. I do _____ do not _____ (check one) expect to be paid for circulating this petition. If paid, list the payer ______

__________________________
Signature of Affiant
(Person obtaining signatures)

__________________________
(Printed Name of Affiant)

__________________________
Address of Affiant

Subscribed and sworn to before me this _____ day of _____, A.D. ______

__________________________
Signature of Notary

__________________________
Address of Notary

Notary Public (Seal)

My commission expires ______

If this form is followed substantially and the requirements of [section] sections 116.045, 116.050, and [section] 116.080 are met, it shall be sufficient, disregarding clerical and merely technical errors.

116.045. Initiative and referendum petition signature pages shall be printed on a form
prescribed by the secretary of state, which shall include all of the information and statements set forth in section 116.030 or 116.040, as applicable, and comply with section 116.050. The form shall be made available in electronic format for printing and circulating petitions.

116.050. 1. Initiative and referendum petitions filed under the provisions of this chapter shall consist of pages of a uniform size. Each page, excluding the text of the measure, shall be no larger than eight and one-half by fourteen inches. The text of the proposed measure shall be in a font that is not smaller than twelve-point Times New Roman and have top, bottom, left, and right margins of no less than one inch. Page numbers may appear in the bottom margin. Each page of an initiative petition shall be attached to or shall contain a full and correct text of the proposed measure. Each page of a referendum petition shall be attached to or shall contain a full and correct text of the measure on which the referendum is sought.

2. The secretary of state shall collect an initiative and referendum petition filing fee of five hundred dollars for each petition sample sheet filed. An additional filing fee of twenty-five dollars shall be collected for each page of the text of the measure in excess of two pages. The filing fee shall be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the secretary of state's petition publication fund established under section 116.270. The filing fee shall be refunded from the fund to the person designated as the recipient of notices under section 116.332 if the initiative or referendum petition is certified under section 116.150. The secretary of state shall reject any petition sample sheet that is not accompanied by the required fee.

3. The full and correct text of all initiative and referendum petition measures shall:
   (1) Contain all matter which is to be deleted included in its proper place enclosed in brackets and all new matter shown underlined;
   (2) Include all sections of existing law or of the constitution which would be repealed by the measure; and
   (3) Otherwise conform to the provisions of Article III, [Section] Sections 28, [and Article III, Section] 49, 50, 51, and 52(a) of the Constitution of Missouri and those of this chapter.

4. The full and correct text of all initiative petition measures shall not purport to:
   (1) Declare any federal statute, regulation, executive order, or court decision to be void or in violation of the Constitution of the United States;
   (2) Amend any federal law or the Constitution of the United States; or
   (3) Accomplish an act that the Constitution of the United States requires to be accomplished by the general assembly.

116.130. 1. The secretary of state may send copies of petition pages to election authorities to verify that the persons whose names are listed as signers to the petition are registered voters. Such verification may either be of each signature or by random sampling as provided in section 116.120, as the secretary shall direct. If copies of the petition pages are sent to an election authority for verification, such copies shall be sent pursuant to the following schedule:

   (1) Copies of all pages from not less than one petition shall be received in the office of the election authority not later than two weeks after the petition is filed in the office of the secretary of state;

   (2) Copies of all pages of a total of three petitions shall be received in the office of the election authority not later than three weeks after the petition is filed in the office of the secretary of state;

   (3) If more than three petitions are filed, all copies of petition pages, including those petitions selected for verification by random sample pursuant to section 116.120, shall be received in the office of the election authority not later than the fourth week after the petition is filed in the office of the secretary of state. Each election authority shall check the signatures against voter registration records in the election authority's jurisdiction, but the election authority shall count as valid only the signatures of persons registered as voters in the county named in the circulator's
affidavit. Signatures shall not be counted as valid if they have been struck through or crossed out.  

Signatures not in black or blue ink shall be counted as invalid without verification.

2. If the election authority is requested to verify the petition by random sampling, such verification shall be completed and certified not later than thirty days from the date that the election authority receives the petition from the secretary of state. If the election authority is to verify each signature, such verification [must] shall be completed, certified and delivered to the secretary of state by 5:00 p.m. on the last Tuesday in July prior to the election, or in the event of complete verification of signatures after a failed random sample, full verification shall be completed, certified and delivered to the secretary of state by 5:00 p.m. on the last Tuesday in July or by 5:00 p.m. on the Friday of the fifth week after receipt of the signatures by the local election authority, whichever is later.

3. If the election authority or the secretary of state determines that the congressional district number written after the signature of any voter is not the congressional district of which the voter is a resident, the election authority or the secretary of state shall correct the congressional district number on the petition page. Failure of a voter to give the voter's correct congressional district number shall not by itself be grounds for not counting the voter's signature.

4. The election authority shall return the copies of the petition pages to the secretary of state with annotations regarding any invalid or questionable signatures which the election authority has been asked to check by the secretary of state. The election authority shall verify the number of pages received for that county, and also certify the total number of valid signatures of voters from each congressional district which the election authority has been asked to check by the secretary of state.

5. The secretary of state is authorized to adopt rules to ensure uniform, complete, and accurate checking of petition signatures either by actual count or random sampling. No rule or portion of a rule promulgated pursuant to this section shall become effective unless it has been promulgated pursuant to the provisions of chapter 536.

6. After a period of three years from the time of submission of the petitions to the secretary of state, the secretary of state, if the secretary determines that retention of such petitions is no longer necessary, may destroy such petitions.

116.160. 1. If the general assembly adopts a joint resolution proposing a constitutional amendment or a bill without a fiscal note summary, which is to be referred to a vote of the people, after receipt of such resolution or bill the secretary of state shall promptly forward the resolution or bill to the state auditor. If the general assembly adopts a joint resolution proposing a constitutional amendment or a bill without an official summary statement, which is to be referred to a vote of the people, within twenty days after receipt of the resolution or bill, the secretary of state shall prepare and transmit to the attorney general a summary statement of the measure as the proposed summary statement. The secretary of state may seek the advice of the legislator who introduced the constitutional amendment or bill and the speaker of the house or the president pro tem of the legislative chamber that originated the measure. The summary statement may be distinct from the legislative title of the proposed constitutional amendment or bill. The attorney general shall within ten days approve the legal content and form of the proposed statement.

2. The official summary statement shall contain no more than one hundred fifty words[, excluding articles]. The title shall be a true and impartial statement of the purposes of the proposed measure in language neither intentionally argumantative nor likely to create prejudice either for or against the proposed measure.

116.230. 1. The secretary of state shall prepare sample ballots in the following form.

2. The top of the ballot shall read:

"OFFICIAL BALLOT STATE OF MISSOURI"

3. When constitutional amendments are submitted, the first heading shall read:
"CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS"

There shall follow the numbers assigned under section 116.210 the official ballot titles prepared under section 116.160 or 116.334, and the fiscal note summaries prepared under section 116.170. Constitutional amendments proposed by the general assembly shall be designated as "Proposed by the general assembly". Constitutional amendments proposed by initiative petition shall be designated "Proposed by initiative petition". Constitutional amendments proposed by constitutional convention shall be designated "Proposed by constitutional convention".

4. When statutory measures are submitted, the next heading shall read:

"STATUTORY MEASURES"

There shall follow the letters assigned under section 116.220, the official ballot titles prepared under section 116.160 or 116.334, and the fiscal note summaries prepared under section 116.170. Statutory initiative measures shall be designated "Proposed by initiative petition". Referendum measures shall be designated "Referendum ordered by petition".

5. Immediately following the official ballot title, words "Shall the measure summarized be approved?" shall appear with the options to vote "yes" or "no".

116.270. 1. There is hereby created a "Secretary of State's Petition Publications Fund", which shall be used only to pay printing, publication, and other expenses incurred in submitting statewide ballot measures to the voters.

2. The secretary of state shall certify to the commissioner of administration all valid claims for payment from the publications fund. On receiving the certified claims, the commissioner of administration shall issue warrants on the state treasurer payable to each individual out of the publications fund] consist of moneys collected under section 116.150. The state treasurer shall be custodian of the fund. In accordance with sections 30.170 and 30.180, the state treasurer may approve disbursements. The fund shall be a dedicated fund, and moneys in the fund shall be used solely by the secretary of state for the purpose of making refunds as set forth in section 116.150 and to pay publication expenses incurred in submitting statewide ballot measures to the voters. Any balance in the fund shall be used for the purposes set forth herein before using an appropriation from the general revenue for the same purpose.

2. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 33.080 to the contrary, any moneys remaining in the fund at the end of the biennium shall not revert to the credit of the general revenue fund.

3. The state treasurer shall invest moneys in the fund in the same manner as other funds are invested. Any interest and moneys earned on such investments shall be credited to the fund.

116.332. 1. Before a constitutional amendment petition, a statutory initiative petition, or a referendum petition may be circulated for signatures, a sample sheet [must] shall be submitted to the secretary of state in the form in which it will be circulated. Sample initiative petition sheets shall be filed no earlier than twelve weeks following a general election. When a person submits a sample sheet of a petition he or she shall designate to the secretary of state the name and address of the person to whom any notices shall be sent pursuant to sections 116.140 and 116.180 and, if a committee or person, except the individual submitting the sample sheet, is funding any portion of the drafting or submitting of the sample sheet, the person submitting the sample sheet shall submit a copy of the filed statement of committee organization required under subsection 5 of section 130.021 showing the date the statement was filed. The secretary of state shall refer a copy of the petition sheet to the attorney general for his approval and to the state auditor for purposes of preparing a fiscal note and fiscal note summary. The secretary of state and attorney general [must] shall each review the petition for [sufficiency as to form] compliance with section 116.050 and Article III, Sections 28, 49, 50, 51, and 52(a) of the Constitution of Missouri and approve or reject [the form of] the petition, stating the reasons for rejection, if any.

2. Within two business days of receipt of any such sample sheet, the office of the secretary of state shall conspicuously post on its website the text of the proposed measure, a disclaimer stating
that such text may not constitute the full and correct text as required under section 116.050, and the
name of the person or organization submitting the sample sheet. The secretary of state's failure to
comply with such posting shall be considered a violation of chapter 610 and subject to the penalties
provided under subsection 3 of section 610.027. The posting shall be removed within three days of
either the withdrawal of the petition under section 116.115 or the rejection for any reason of the
petition.

3. Upon receipt of a petition from the office of the secretary of state, the attorney general
shall examine the petition [as to form] and determine whether it complies with section 116.050 and
Article III, Sections 28, 49, 50, 51, and 52(a) of the Constitution of Missouri. If the petition is
rejected [as to form], the attorney general shall forward his or her comments to the secretary of state
within ten days after receipt of the petition by the attorney general. If the petition is approved [as to
form], the attorney general shall forward his or her approval [as to form] to the secretary of state
within ten days after receipt of the petition by the attorney general.

4. The secretary of state shall review the comments and statements of the attorney general
[as to form] and make a final decision as to the approval or rejection [of the form] of the petition.
The secretary of state shall send written notice to the person who submitted the petition sheet of the
approval within fifteen days after submission of the petition sheet. The secretary of state shall send
written notice if the petition has been rejected, together with reasons for rejection, within fifteen
days after submission of the petition sheet.

116.334. 1. If the petition [form] is approved under section 116.332, the secretary of state
shall make a copy of the sample petition available on the secretary of state's website. For a period
of fifteen days after the petition is approved [as to form] under section 116.332, the secretary of state
shall accept public comments regarding the proposed measure and provide copies of such comments
upon request. Within twenty-three days of receipt of such approval, the secretary of state shall
prepare and transmit to the attorney general a summary statement of the measure which shall be a
concise statement not exceeding one hundred fifty words. This statement shall [in the form of a
question using] use language neither intentionally argumentative nor likely to create prejudice either
for or against the proposed measure. The attorney general shall within ten days approve the legal
content and form of the proposed statement.

2. Signatures obtained prior to the date the official ballot title is certified by the secretary of
state shall not be counted. If a court orders a change that substantially alters the content of the
official ballot title under subsection 4 of section 116.190, then all signatures gathered before such
change occurred shall be invalidated, regardless of whether those signatures were gathered on
petition pages that displayed what was previously the official ballot title as certified by the secretary
of state.

3. Signatures for statutory initiative petitions shall be filed not later than six months prior to
the general election during which the petition's ballot measure is submitted for a vote, and shall also
be collected not earlier than the day after the day upon which the previous general election was held.
238.216. 1. Except as otherwise provided in section 238.220 with respect to the election of
directors, in order to call any election required or allowed under sections 238.200 to 238.275, the
circuit court shall:

(1) Order the county clerk to cause the questions to appear on the ballot on the next
regularly scheduled general, primary or special election day, which date shall be the same in each
county or portion of a county included within and voting upon the proposed district;

(2) If the election is to be a mail-in election, specify a date on which ballots for the election
shall be mailed, which date shall be a Tuesday, and shall be not earlier than the eighth Tuesday from
the issuance of the order, and shall not be on the same day as an election conducted under the
provisions of chapter 115; or

(3) If all the owners of property in the district joined in the petition for formation of the
district, such owners may cast their ballot by unanimous verified petition approving any measure submitted to them as voters pursuant to this chapter. Each owner shall receive one vote per acre owned. Fractional votes shall be allowed. The verified petition shall be filed with the circuit court clerk. The filing of a unanimous petition shall constitute an election under sections 238.200 to
238.275 and the results of said election shall be entered pursuant to subsection 6 of this section.

2. In the case of an election by mail-in ballot where the qualified voters are the real property owners under subsection 2 of section 238.220, application for a ballot shall be [conducted as follows] required, and such application process shall be:

(1) Only qualified voters shall be entitled to apply for a ballot;
(2) Such persons shall apply with the clerk of the circuit court in which the petition was filed;
(3) Each person applying shall provide:
   (a) Such person's name, address, mailing address, and phone number;
   (b) An authorized signature; and
   (c) Evidence that such person is entitled to vote. Such evidence for owners of real property shall be:
      a. For resident individuals, proof of registration from the election authority;
      b. For owners of real property, a tax receipt or deed or other document which evidences ownership, and identifies the real property by location;
(4) No person shall apply later than the fourth Tuesday before the date for mailing ballots specified in the circuit court's order.

3. [If the election is to be a mail-in election] In the case of an election by mail-in ballot where the qualified voters are registered voters, the qualified voters shall not have to apply for ballots but shall be issued a ballot as follows:

(1) Only qualified voters, who are registered on the forty-fifth day prior to the date set by the circuit court for the mailing of ballots, shall be entitled to be mailed a ballot; and
(2) No later than the fourth Tuesday before the date for mailing ballots specified in the circuit court's order, the election authority shall provide the circuit court with the names and addresses of all registered voters within the proposed transportation development district according to the records of the election authority on the forty-fifth day prior to the date set by the circuit court for the mailing of ballots.

4. In the case of an election by mail-in ballot where the qualified voters are the real property owners under subsection 2 of section 238.220, the circuit court shall mail a ballot to each qualified voter who applied for a ballot pursuant to subsection 2 of this section along with a return addressed envelope directed to the circuit court clerk's office with a sworn affidavit on the reverse side of such envelope for the voter's signature. Such affidavit shall be in the following form:

I hereby declare under penalties of perjury that I am qualified to vote, or to affix my authorized signature in the name of an entity which is entitled to vote, in this election.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this ______ day of ______, 20_____

______________________________
Authorized Signature

______________________________
Printed Name of Voter

______________________________
Signature of notary or other officer authorized to administer oaths.
Mailing Address of Voter (if different)

5. In the case of an election by mail-in ballot where the qualified voters are registered
voters, the circuit court shall mail a ballot to each qualified voter whose name was provided by the
election authority under subsection 3 of this section along with a return envelope addressed to the
circuit court clerk's office.

6. The return identification envelope shall contain an affidavit that is substantially the
following form:
Pleading Print:
NAME: __________________________
I declare under penalty of perjury, a felony, that I am a qualified voter for this
election as shown on voter registration records and that I have voted the enclosed
ballot and am returning it in compliance with section 238.216, RSMo, and have not
and will not vote more than one ballot in this election.
I also understand that failure to complete the information below will invalidate my
ballot.
________________________
Signature
________________________
Residence Address

Mailing Address (if different)

7. Upon receipt of the ballot, the voter shall mark it, place and seal the marked ballot in the
secrecy envelope supplied with the ballot, place and seal the secrecy envelope containing the
marked ballot in the return identification envelope supplied with the ballot that has been signed by
the voter, and return the marked ballot to the circuit court, no later than the date required under
subsection 11 of this section, by United States mail or by personally delivering the ballot to the
circuit court.

8. The circuit court may provide additional sites for return delivery of ballots. The circuit
court may, in its discretion, provide for the prepayment of postage on the return ballots.

9. Any costs incurred by the circuit court in the administration of an election under this
section shall be paid by the authorized petitioners.

[4-] 10. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2 of section 238.220, with respect to the
election of directors, each qualified voter shall have one vote, unless the qualified voters are
property owners under subdivision (2) of subsection 2 of section 238.202, in which case they shall
receive one vote per acre. Each voter which is not an individual shall determine how to cast its vote
as provided for in its articles of incorporation, articles of organization, articles of partnership,
bylaws, or other document which sets forth an appropriate mechanism for the determination of the
entity's vote. If a voter has no such mechanism, then its vote shall be cast as determined by a
majority of the persons who run the day-to-day affairs of the voter. Each voted ballot shall be
signed with the authorized signature.

[5-] 11. Mail-in voted ballots shall be returned to the circuit court clerk's office by mail or
hand delivery or to a site provided for receipt of ballots by the circuit court, and in any case received
no later than 5:00 p.m. on the sixth Tuesday after the date for mailing the ballots as set forth in the
circuit court's order. The circuit court's clerk shall transmit all voted ballots to a team of judges of
not less than four, with an equal number from each of the two major political parties. The judges
shall be selected by the circuit court from lists compiled by the election authority. Upon receipt of
the voted ballots, the judges shall verify the authenticity of the ballots, canvass the votes, and certify
the results. Certification by the election judges shall be final and shall be immediately transmitted
to the circuit court. Any qualified voter who voted in such election may contest the result in the
same manner as provided in chapter 115.

[6-] 12. The results of the election shall be entered upon the records of the circuit court of
the county in which the petition was filed. Also, a certified copy thereof shall be filed with the
county clerk of each county in which a portion of the proposed district lies, who shall cause the
same to be spread upon the records of the county commission.

347.740. The secretary of state may collect an additional fee of five dollars on each and
every fee required in this chapter. All fees collected as provided in this section shall be deposited in
the state treasury and credited to the secretary of state's technology trust fund account. The
provisions of this section shall expire on December 31, [2021] 2026.

351.127. The secretary of state may collect an additional fee of five dollars on each and
every fee required in this chapter, provided that the secretary of state may collect an additional fee
of ten dollars on each corporate registration report fee filed under section 351.122. All fees
collected as provided in this section shall be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the
secretary of state's technology trust fund account. The provisions of this section shall expire on
December 31, [2021] 2026.

355.023. The secretary of state may collect an additional fee of five dollars on each and
every fee required in this chapter. All fees collected as provided in this section shall be deposited in
the state treasury and credited to the secretary of state's technology trust fund account. The
provisions of this section shall expire on December 31, [2021] 2026.

356.233. The secretary of state may collect an additional fee of five dollars on each and
every fee required in this chapter. All fees collected as provided in this section shall be deposited in
the state treasury and credited to the secretary of state's technology trust fund account. The
provisions of this section shall expire on December 31, [2021] 2026.

359.653. The secretary of state may collect an additional fee of five dollars on each and
every fee required in this chapter. All fees collected as provided in this section shall be deposited in
the state treasury and credited to the secretary of state's technology trust fund account. The
provisions of this section shall expire on December 31, [2021] 2026.

400.9-528. The secretary of state may collect an additional fee of five dollars on each and
every fee paid to the secretary of state as required in chapter 400.9. All fees collected as provided in
this section shall be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the secretary of state's technology
trust fund account. The provisions of this section shall expire on December 31, [2021] 2026.

417.018. The secretary of state may collect an additional fee of five dollars on each and
every fee required in this chapter. All fees collected as provided in this section shall be deposited in
the state treasury and credited to the secretary of state's technology trust fund account. The
provisions of this section shall expire on December 31, [2021] 2026.

Section B. Because of the need to provide certainty for state employees who wish to
participate as candidates in the 2020 election cycle, the repeal and reenactment of section 36.155 of
section A of this act is deemed necessary for the immediate preservation of the public health,
welfare, peace, and safety and is hereby declared to be an emergency act within the meaning of the
constitution, and the repeal and reenactment of section 36.155 of section A of this act shall be in full
force and effect upon its passage and approval.

Section C. Because immediate action is necessary to ensure citizens can safely exercise the
right to vote and avoid the risk of contracting or transmitting severe acute respiratory syndrome
coronavirus 2, the enactment of section 115.302 of section A of this act is deemed necessary for the
immediate preservation of the public health, welfare, peace, and safety and is hereby declared to be
an emergency act within the meaning of the constitution, and the enactment of section 115.302 of
section A of this act shall be in full force and effect upon its passage and approval."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.