House	Amendment NO
Offered By	
	for Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for
Senate Bill No. 572, Pages 4-5, Section and inserting in lieu thereof the follow	n 67.398, Lines 1-37, by deleting all of said section and lines ing;
"67 308 1 The governing bo	dy of any city or village, or any county having a charter form
	rst classification that contains part of a city with a population
	bitants, may enact ordinances to provide for the abatement o
	the presence of a nuisance including, but not limited to, debri
	or hazardous trees and shrubs, overgrown vegetation and
	or more in height, rubbish and trash, lumber not piled or
	rocks or bricks, tin, steel, parts of derelict cars or trucks,
broken furniture, any flammable mater	rial which may endanger public safety or any material or
condition which is unhealthy or unsafe	and declared to be a public nuisance.
2. The governing body of any	home rule city with more than four hundred thousand
inhabitants and located in more than or	ne county may enact ordinances for the abatement of a
•	cant buildings or structures open to entry.
	by this section may provide that if the owner fails to begin
	in a specific time which shall not be less than seven days of
<u> </u>	been ordered removed or abated, or upon] Any ordinance
	e for service to the owner of the property and, if the property
	t of the property of a written notice specifically describing
	red to be a public nuisance, and which notice shall identify
	sance. Unless a condition presents an immediate, specifically
	afety, the notice shall provide a reasonable time, not less than
	ce removal of each condition identified in the notice. Writter
	the last known address of the owner if not the same Upon a
± ± •	the last known address of the owner, if not the same. Upon a oval or abatement of such nuisance without unnecessary delays
	ed officer may cause the condition which constitutes the
	he building commissioner or designated officer causes such
	cost of such removal or abatement and the proof of notice to
	ified to the city clerk or officer in charge of finance who shall
	in [a special tax bill or added to] the annual real estate tax
	for the property and the certified cost shall be collected by
	ecting taxes in the same manner and procedure for collecting
•	s not paid, the tax bill shall be considered delinquent, and the
Standing Action Taken	Date

Select Action Taken\_\_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

collection of the delinquent bill shall be governed by the laws governing delinquent and back taxes. The tax bill from the date of its issuance shall be deemed a personal debt against the owner and shall also be a lien on the property from the date the tax bill is delinquent until paid.

67.402. 1. The governing body of the following counties may enact nuisance abatement ordinances as provided in this section:

- (1) Any county of the first classification with more than one hundred thirty-five thousand four hundred but fewer than one hundred thirty-five thousand five hundred inhabitants;
- (2) Any county of the first classification with more than seventy-one thousand three hundred but fewer than seventy-one thousand four hundred inhabitants;
- (3) Any county of the first classification without a charter form of government and with more than one hundred ninety-eight thousand but fewer than one hundred ninety-nine thousand two hundred inhabitants;
- (4) Any county of the first classification with more than eighty-five thousand nine hundred but fewer than eighty-six thousand inhabitants;
- (5) Any county of the third classification without a township form of government and with more than sixteen thousand four hundred but fewer than sixteen thousand five hundred inhabitants;
- (6) Any county of the third classification with a township form of government and with more than fourteen thousand five hundred but fewer than fourteen thousand six hundred inhabitants;
- (7) Any county of the first classification with more than eighty-two thousand but fewer than eighty-two thousand one hundred inhabitants;
- (8) Any county of the first classification with more than one hundred four thousand six hundred but fewer than one hundred four thousand seven hundred inhabitants;
- (9) Any county of the third classification with a township form of government and with more than seven thousand nine hundred but fewer than eight thousand inhabitants; and
- (10) Any county of the second classification with more than fifty-two thousand six hundred but fewer than fifty-two thousand seven hundred inhabitants.
- 2. The governing body of any county described in subsection 1 of this section may enact ordinances to provide for the abatement of a condition of any lot or land that has the presence of rubbish and trash, lumber, bricks, tin, steel, parts of derelict motorcycles, derelict cars, derelict trucks, derelict construction equipment, derelict appliances, broken furniture, or overgrown or noxious weeds in residential subdivisions or districts which may endanger public safety or which is unhealthy or unsafe and declared to be a public nuisance.
  - 3. Any ordinance enacted pursuant to this section shall:
- (1) Set forth those conditions which constitute a nuisance and which are detrimental to the health, safety, or welfare of the residents of the county;
- (2) Provide for duties of inspectors with regard to those conditions which may be declared a nuisance, and shall provide for duties of the building commissioner or designated officer or officers to supervise all inspectors and to hold hearings regarding such property;
- (3) Provide for service of adequate notice of the declaration of nuisance, which notice shall specify that the nuisance is to be abated, listing a reasonable time for commencement, and may provide that such notice be served either by personal service or by certified mail, return receipt requested, but if service cannot be had by either of these modes of service, then service may be had by publication. The ordinances shall further provide that the owner, occupant, lessee, mortgagee, agent, and all other persons having an interest in the property as shown by the land records of the recorder of deeds of the county wherein the property is located shall be made parties;
  - (4) Provide that upon failure to commence work of abating the nuisance within the

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time specified or upon failure to proceed continuously with the work without unnecessary delay, the building commissioner or designated officer or officers shall call and have a full and adequate hearing upon the matter before the county commission, giving the affected parties at least ten days' written notice of the hearing. Any party may be represented by counsel, and all parties shall have an opportunity to be heard. After the hearings, if evidence supports a finding that the property is a nuisance or detrimental to the health, safety, or welfare of the residents of the county, the county commission shall issue an order making specific findings of fact, based upon competent and substantial evidence, which shows the property to be a nuisance and detrimental to the health, safety, or welfare of the residents of the county and ordering the nuisance abated. If the evidence does not support a finding that the property is a nuisance or detrimental to the health, safety, or welfare of the residents of the county, no order shall be issued.

- 4. Any ordinance authorized by this section may provide that if the owner fails to begin abating the nuisance within a specific time which shall not be longer than seven days of receiving notice that the nuisance has been ordered removed, the building commissioner or designated officer shall cause the condition which constitutes the nuisance to be removed. If the building commissioner or designated officer causes such condition to be removed or abated, the cost of such removal shall be certified to the county clerk or officer in charge of finance who shall cause the certified cost to be included in [a special tax bill or added to] the annual real estate tax bill[, at the county collector's option,] for the property and the certified cost shall be collected by the county collector in the same manner and procedure for collecting real estate taxes. If the certified cost is not paid, the tax bill shall be considered delinquent, and the collection of the delinquent bill shall be governed by the laws governing delinquent and back taxes. The tax bill from the date of its issuance shall be deemed a personal debt against the owner and shall also be a lien on the property from the date the tax bill is delinquent until paid. +
- 5. Nothing in this section authorizes any county to enact nuisance abatement ordinances that provide for the abatement of any condition relating to agricultural structures or agricultural operations, including but not limited to the raising of livestock or row crops.
- 6. No county of the first, second, third, or fourth classification shall have the power to adopt any ordinance, resolution, or regulation under this section governing any railroad company regulated by the Federal Railroad Administration.
- 67.451. Any city in which voters have approved fees to recover costs associated with enforcement of municipal housing, property maintenance, or property nuisance ordinances may lissue a special tax bill against include any unrecovered costs or fines relating to the real property in the annual real estate tax bill for the property where such ordinance violations existed. Notwithstanding the last sentence of subsection 5 of section 479.011, the officer in charge of finance shall cause the amount of unrecovered costs or unpaid fines which are delinquent for more than a year to be [included in a special tax bill or] added to the annual real estate tax bill for the property if such property is still owned by the person incurring the costs or fines [at the collecting official's option, and the costs and fines shall be collected by the city collector or other official collecting taxes in the same manner and procedure for collecting real estate taxes. If the [cost is] costs and fines are not paid by December 31 of the year in which the costs and fines are included in the tax bill, the tax bill shall be considered delinquent, and the collection of the delinquent bill shall be governed by laws governing delinquent and back taxes. The tax bill shall be deemed a personal debt against the owner from the date of issuance, and shall also be a lien on the property from the date the tax bill becomes delinquent until paid. Notwithstanding any provision of the city's charter to the contrary, the city may provide, by ordinance, that the city may discharge all or any portion of the unrecovered costs or fines added pursuant to this section to the [special] tax bill upon a determination by the city that a public benefit will be gained by such discharge, and such discharge

1	shall include any costs of tax collection, accrued interest, or attorney fees related to the [special] ta
2	bill."; and
3	
4	Further amend said bill, Section 479.350, Page 10, Lines 14-15, by deleting all of said lines and
5	inserting in lieu thereof the following:
6	
7	"certified costs, not including fines, added to the annual real estate tax bill under section 67.398,
8	<u>67.402</u> , or <u>67.451</u> ;"; and
9	
10	Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references
11	accordingly.
12	