SECOND REGULAR SESSION

[PERFECTED]

HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

HOUSE BILL NO. 2120

101ST GENERAL ASSEMBLY

3691H.02P

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DANA RADEMAN MILLER, Chief Clerk

AN ACT

To repeal section 575.095, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof three new sections relating to disclosure of personal information to public agencies, with penalty provisions.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Section 575.095, RSMo, is repealed and three new sections enacted in lieu 2 thereof, to be known as sections 105.1500, 575.095, and 1, to read as follows:

105.1500. 1. This section shall be known and may be cited as "The Personal **Privacy Protection Act".**

- 2. As used in this section, the following terms mean:
- (1) "Personal information", any list, record, register, registry, roll, roster, or 5 other compilation of data of any kind that directly or indirectly identifies a person as a member, supporter, or volunteer of, or donor of financial or nonfinancial support to, any entity exempt from federal income tax under Section 501(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended;
- 9 (2) "Public agency", the state and any political subdivision thereof including, 10 but not limited to, any department, agency, office, commission, board, division, or other entity of state government; any county, city, township, village, school district, 12 community college district; or any other local governmental unit, agency, authority, council, board, commission, state or local court, tribunal or other judicial or quasi-14 judicial body.
- 15 3. (1) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, but subject to the 16 exceptions listed under subsection 4 of this section, a public agency shall not:

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

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- 17 (a) Require any individual to provide the public agency with personal 18 information or otherwise compel the release of personal information;
 - (b) Require any entity exempt from federal income taxation under Section 501(c) of the Internal Revenue Code to provide the public agency with personal information or otherwise compel the release of personal information;
 - (c) Release, publicize, or otherwise publicly disclose personal information in possession of a public agency; or
 - (d) Request or require a current or prospective contractor or grantee with the public agency to provide the public agency with a list of entities exempt from federal income taxation under Section 501(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, to which it has provided financial or nonfinancial support.
 - (2) All personal information in the possession of a public agency shall be considered a closed record under chapter 610.
 - 4. The provisions of this section shall not preclude any individual or entity from being required to comply with any of the following:
 - (1) Submitting any report or disclosure required by this chapter or chapter 130;
 - (2) Responding to any lawful request or subpoena for personal information from the Missouri ethics commission as a part of an investigation, or publicly disclosing personal information as a result of an enforcement action from the Missouri ethics commission pursuant to its authority in sections 105.955 to 105.966;
 - (3) Responding to any lawful warrant for personal information issued by a court of competent jurisdiction;
 - (4) Responding to any lawful request for discovery of personal information in litigation if:
 - (a) The requestor demonstrates a compelling need for the personal information by clear and convincing evidence; and
- (b) The requestor obtains a protective order barring disclosure of personal 44 information to any person not named in the litigation; or
 - (5) Admitting any personal information as relevant evidence before a court of competent jurisdiction. However, no court shall publicly reveal personal information absent a specific finding of good cause.
 - 5. (1) A person or entity alleging a violation of this section may bring a civil action for appropriate injunctive relief, damages, or both. Damages awarded under this section may include one of the following, as appropriate:
 - (a) A sum of moneys not less than two thousand five hundred dollars to compensate for injury or loss caused by each violation of this section; or

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- 53 (b) For an intentional violation of this section, a sum of moneys not to exceed 54 three times the sum described in paragraph (a) of this subdivision.
 - (2) A court, in rendering a judgment in an action brought under this section, may award all or a portion of the costs of litigation, including reasonable attorney's fees and witness fees, to the complainant in the action if the court determines that the award is appropriate.
- 59 (3) A person who knowingly violates this section is guilty of a class B 60 misdemeanor.
 - 575.095. 1. A person commits the offense of tampering with a judicial officer if, with the purpose to harass, intimidate or influence a judicial officer in the performance of such officer's official duties, such person:
- 4 (1) Threatens or causes harm to such judicial officer or members of such judicial 5 officer's family;
 - (2) Uses force, threats, or deception against or toward such judicial officer or members of such judicial officer's family;
- 8 (3) Offers, conveys or agrees to convey any benefit direct or indirect upon such 9 judicial officer or such judicial officer's family;
 - (4) Engages in conduct reasonably calculated to harass or alarm such judicial officer or such judicial officer's family, including stalking pursuant to section 565.225 or 565.227[-];
 - (5) Disseminates through any means, including by posting on the internet, the judicial officer or the judicial officer's family's personal information. For purposes of this section, "personal information" includes a home address, home telephone number, mobile telephone number, personal email address, Social Security number, federal tax identification number, checking and savings account numbers, credit card numbers, marital status, and identity of a child under eighteen years of age.
 - 2. A judicial officer for purposes of this section shall be a judge **or commissioner of the state or federal court**, arbitrator, special master, juvenile officer, deputy juvenile officer, state prosecuting or circuit attorney, state assistant prosecuting or circuit attorney, [juvenile court commissioner,] state probation or parole officer, or referee.
 - 3. A judicial officer's family for purposes of this section shall be:
 - (1) Such officer's spouse; or
- 24 (2) Such officer or such officer's spouse's ancestor or descendant by blood or 25 adoption; or
 - (3) Such officer's stepchild, while the marriage creating that relationship exists.
 - 4. The offense of tampering with a judicial officer is a class D felony. However, if a violation of this section results in death or bodily injury to the judicial officer or a member of the judicial officer's family, the offense shall be a class B felony.

Section 1. A person commits the offense of tampering with a public official if, with the purpose to harass, intimidate, or influence a public official in the performance of such official's official duties, such person disseminates through any means, including by posting on the internet, the public official's family's personal information. For 5 purposes of this section, "personal information" includes a home address, Social Security number, federal tax identification number, checking or savings account numbers, marital status, and identity of a child under eighteen years of age. For the purposes of this section, the term "public official" includes members of the general assembly, statewide elected officials, first responders, children's division employees, and employees of the department of corrections. The offense of tampering with a public 10 official shall be a class D felony. If a violation of this section results in death or bodily 11 injury to a public official or a member of the public official's family, the offense shall be a class B felony. 13

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