

HB 199 -- COMMUNITY SERVICE FOR INTOXICATION-RELATED TRAFFIC  
OFFENSES (Kelley, 126)

COMMITTEE OF ORIGIN: Committee on Crime Prevention and Public  
Safety

Currently, as an alternative to imprisonment, a prior offender of  
an intoxication-related traffic offense can perform at least 30  
days of community service as one condition of being eligible for  
parole or probation and a persistent offender can perform at  
least 60 days of community service. This bill specifies that a  
prior offender must perform at least 30 days involving at least  
240 hours of community service and a persistent offender must  
perform at least 60 days involving at least 480 hours of  
community service.

FISCAL NOTE: No impact on state funds in FY 2012, FY 2013, and  
FY 2014.