

HB 199 -- COMMUNITY SERVICE FOR INTOXICATION-RELATED TRAFFIC OFFENSES

SPONSOR: Kelley (126)

COMMITTEE ACTION: Voted "do pass by consent" by the Committee on Crime Prevention and Public Safety by a vote of 12 to 0.

Currently, as an alternative to imprisonment, a prior offender of an intoxication-related traffic offense can perform at least 30 days of community service as one condition of being eligible for parole or probation and a persistent offender can perform at least 60 days of community service. This bill specifies that a prior offender must perform at least 30 days involving at least 240 hours of community service and a persistent offender must perform at least 60 days involving at least 480 hours of community service.

FISCAL NOTE: No impact on state funds in FY 2012, FY 2013, and FY 2014.

PROPOSERS: Supporters say that the bill simply clarifies the current statute regarding the community service alternative by specifically stating the number of hours that is required to be performed.

Testifying for the bill were Representative Kelley (126); Steven Kaderly, Prosecuting Attorney of Barton County; Missouri State Troopers Association; and Department of Public Safety.

OPPOSERS: There was no opposition voiced to the committee.